1	STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE
2	PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION
3	August 6, 2015 - 9:06 a.m. Concord, New Hampshire
4	Concord, New Hampshire
5	{REDACTED - for public Nuse AUC1915 AM 9:36
6	Cross-examination of the Cross-examination of
7	RE: DG 14-380 LIBERTY UTILITIES (ENERGYNORTH NATURAL
8	GAS) CORP. d/b/a LIBERTY UTILITIES: Petition for Approval of a Firm
9	Transportation Agreement with the Tennessee Gas Pipeline Company, LLC.
10	
11	PRESENT: Chairman Martin P. Honigberg, Presiding Commissioner Robert R. Scott
12	Commissioner Kathryn M. Bailey
13	Sandy Deno, Clerk
14	APPEARANCES: Reptg. Liberty Utilities (EnergyNorth Natural Gas) Corp. d/b/a Liberty Utilities:
15	Sarah B. Knowlton, Esq. (Rath, Young)
16	Reptg. the Pipe Line Awareness Network for the Northeast, Inc. (PLAN):
17	Richard A. Kanoff, Esq. (Burns & Levinson)
	Zachary R. Gates, Esq. (Burns & Levinson)
18	Reptg. Residential Ratepayers: Susan Chamberlin, Esq., Consumer Advocate
19	Dr. Pradip Chattopadhyay, Asst. Cons. Adv. Office of Consumer Advocate
20	Reptg. PUC Staff:
21	Rorie E. Patterson, Esq. Stephen P. Frink, Asst. Dir./Gas & Water Div.
22	Al-Azad Iqbal, Gas & Water Division
23	Court Reporter: Steven E. Patnaude, LCR No. 52
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Т	PROCEEDING
2	CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: We're here this
3	morning to resume and finish the hearing in $14-380$, which
4	is Liberty's Precedent Agreement with Northeast Direct.
5	We have lots of paper up here. So, bear
6	with us for just a second. Off the record.
7	(Brief off-the-record discussion
8	ensued.)
9	CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Back on the record.
10	I think we're going to be picking up with the OCA's
11	witness, is that right, Ms. Chamberlin?
12	MS. CHAMBERLIN: That's correct.
13	CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Is there any other
14	business we need to transact from the last time we were
15	all together? Mr. Kanoff.
16	MR. KANOFF: I have a procedural inquiry
17	and request.
18	CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Fire away.
19	MR. KANOFF: The brief, the initial
20	brief, the brief is due tomorrow, close of business.
21	CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Uh-huh.
22	MR. KANOFF: And, our procedural request
23	is to ask for a waiver of the filing of the paper copy
24	only until Monday morning. We would file electronically

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       tomorrow, per the deadline. And, as per procedures, this
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       would allow us not to have to find a transport for the
 3
       paper tomorrow, on Friday traffic. I've done that before.
       I don't believe there's any prejudice to the Commission or
 4
 5
       to the Parties.
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                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Anybody have any
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       problem with that?
 8
                         (No verbal response)
 9
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: That's fine. We'll
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       do that. And, the other parties can do that as well, the
11
       ones who aren't physically in the building already.
12
                         MR. KANOFF: Thank you.
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                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Anything else we
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       need to deal with?
15
                         (No verbal response)
16
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: All right.
17
      Ms. Chamberlin.
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                         MS. CHAMBERLIN: Thank you. I'd like to
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       call Dr. Pradip Chattopadhyay to the stand please.
20
                         (Whereupon Pradip K. Chattopadhyay was
21
                         duly sworn by the Court Reporter.)
22
                    PRADIP K. CHATTOPADHYAY, SWORN
23
                          DIRECT EXAMINATION
24
     BY MS. CHAMBERLIN:
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1 Q. Please state your name for the record.

- 2 A. My name is Pradip Kumar Chattopadhyay.
- Q. Did you file testimony on behalf of the New Hampshire
- 4 Office of the Consumer Advocate in this proceeding?
- 5 A. Yes, I did.
- 6 Q. Is the testimony filed true and correct to the best of
- 7 your knowledge?
- 8 A. Yes.
- 9 Q. Are there any changes or corrections you wish to make?
- 10 A. No.
- MS. CHAMBERLIN: The testimony of
- Dr. Pradip Chattopadhyay is already marked for
- identification as "Exhibit 15", the confidential version,
- and "Exhibit 16", the redacted version. I conferred with
- 15 the Parties, and everyone has a copy. So, my
- understanding is that I would provide one copy to the
- court reporter, and then that would be sufficient?
- 18 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Go ahead.
- MS. CHAMBERLIN: For anyone who wants
- 20 it, these are a couple extra of the redacted version.
- 21 BY MS. CHAMBERLIN:
- 22 Q. Dr. Chattopadhyay, did you analyze EnergyNorth's
- 23 Petition for approval of 115,000 Dekatherms of capacity
- on the proposed Northeast Direct Pipeline?

[WITNESS: Chattopadhyay]

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1 A. Yes, I did.
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- Q. And, what was your -- what did your review involve?
- A. I essentially looked at the reasonability of the contract amount. And, my analysis involved looking at whether the 115,000 Dth per day amount was reasonable, as far as the contract amount is concerned, or not.

MS. KNOWLTON: Chairman Honigberg, I'm going to object. My understanding, to this line of questioning, my understanding was is that the witnesses were going to be free today to address the Settlement Agreement and the testimony as to the Settlement Agreement, but that this was not going to be a restatement of either OCA or PLAN's direct testimony.

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: I don't expect that's where she's going. I suspect she's just setting the scene for how he formed his initial opinion, and how his opinion may or may not have changed based on the Settlement. I assume you're not going to go any further than that, right?

MS. CHAMBERLIN: That is correct.

21 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: All right. Why

don't you proceed then.

- 23 BY MS. CHAMBERLIN:
- 24 Q. In your opinion, has the Company undertaken an adequate

portfolio optimization process?

A. No.

- Q. Did you request additional analysis of the capacity amounts?
 - A. Yes. In the data requests, I had requested the Company to analyze the NED capacity at 105,000 Dth per day, and then I also did like 95,000 Dth per day, 85,000 Dth per day, and 75,000 Dth per day, as well as 65,000 Dth per day. This was essentially just to give me a better understanding of how the contract levels might affect the cost of procurement.
- Q. And, as a result of those runs, what do you conclude from that information?
 - A. In response to my data requests, which was laid out in terms of the way I just described, "please provide analysis of those contract levels, and make necessary assumptions you want to make in terms of anything else that you want to consider in the analysis." The Company ended up going through an analysis of, for example, with respect to 105,000 Dth per day, they used that amount for the NED capacity, and the difference between 115,000 Dth and 105,000 Dth as being from the Dracut, the Concord Lateral capacity.

So -- and, then, they did that for each

of the quantities that I had requested analysis for,

all the way down to 65,000 Dth, again assuming that the

difference between 115,000 and 65,000 Dth was captured

through the Dracut/Concord Lateral capacity.

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- Q. And, did you draw any conclusions from that information about the amount being requested in the Precedent Agreement?
- Purely based on the analysis that the Company had Α. provided, it indicated that the combination of 65,000 Dth per day for NED and 50,000 Dth per day for the Concord Lateral had the least cost. But, because this was just a series of questions to get a sense of how the numbers play out, I would be careful in stating again that those were the numbers that were looked at. And, as far as the last one, which is 65,000 Dth per day for NED, combined with 50,000 Dth per day for Dracut, for the Concord Lateral, that -- that doesn't necessarily mean that the amount, the right amount, as far as cost minimization is concerned, is going to be that combination, because I didn't look at the other numbers. But it certainly told me that the cost was going down as we moved from 115,000, all the way to 65,000 Dth per day.
 - Q. Thank you. And, did you analyze the partial Settlement

Agreement, which has been proposed?

A. Yes. I have come to the conclusion that it's not reasonable, based on several views that I conducted myself. First of all, one needs to understand that the Company ran an analysis of only one amount, which is 115,000 Dth per day. It's, when you talk about "what is the optimum contract level?", it's important to look at other contract levels, assuming everything else being held constant. So, the Company did not do that. It just looked at 115,000 Dth per day. And, even when I asked them the questions, they used other assumptions to kind of bring in the Dracut capacity to still give you, in total, 115,000 Dth per day.

So, one of the observations I have is that it's important to know what the costs are, purely, when you're looking at NED, what different contract levels will give you in terms of cost. And, as I was examining the IRP that the Company expert witness referred to in the testimony, I find that, during the IRP analysis, the Company had used something called a "resource mix optimization". And, SENDOUT sort of does two kinds of optimization; resource mix optimization and standard optimization.

The standard optimization is what the

{DG 14-380} [REDACTED - for public use] {08-06-15/Day 3}

Company essentially did for the 115,000 Dth per day analysis, the NED scenario, the PA scenario. The importance is — of this is that the standard optimization only looks at the variable costs and tries to look for the minimum cost in terms of the variable costs. So, you're already assuming that project is there, whatever fixed costs you're incurring, including the demand charges, are all given. You're not trying to figure out what contract level it would be. And, that is done through the resource mix optimization.

What the resource mix optimization does is that it says, you know, "You have a new resource out there. Let's see what contract level would actually lead to the least cost." So, it let's the analysis pick the right contract amount, and therefore what the implications are for the demand charges. And, you're doing it because you have the luxury to figure out what that contract level should be ideally.

And, you can run that scenario, along with also with an informed understanding of what other optional resources are out there that can also be subjected to resource mix optimization. And, the IRP essentially did that.

And, it kind of concluded that the

Q.

optimum amount was 90,000 Dth per day for the NEX project, which has very similar attributes to the NED project. The "NEX" is the "Northeast Extension", if I'm correct. I think it's called that. And, so, the assumptions for both of those projects are very similar. And, it came up with a number of 90,000 Dth per day, under the assumption, which is very important, that the propane facilities in Manchester and Nashua weren't there. And, they amounted to roughly 33,000 Dth per day.

So, essentially, if that is the starting point, that you sort of counted the propane facilities out, and then ran the resource mix optimization, you got an answer of 90,000 Dth per day, when you ran the IRP, which happened, I believe, more than a year ago. So, technically, in my mind, if you counted those propane facilities, then the answer is really, roughly speaking, 90,000, less 33,000. So, around 57,000 is the right answer.

have changed. And, the Company has updated its —
Excuse me, Dr. Chattopadhyay. If I could just direct
you to the partial Settlement Agreement, given all the
data that you just described, does the partial

Now, given that, over the years, things

{DG 14-380} [REDACTED - for public use] {08-06-15/Day 3}

1 Settlement Agreement address your concerns?

A. No. I'm actually -- I'm going there, because, like I said, I had three views, or roughly, in fact, one of -- the optimization piece I've already talked about. The second, I'm talking about what the IRP told me. And, the third piece would be about, you know, what is sort of reasonable to do. And, I'll talk about it in a moment.

But the point I'm trying to make is, with the IRP, I can infer, and, roughly speaking, it's 57,000. But, then, you need to adjust for the update that the Company did on the design day requirement. And, even if I'm very generous and I go for the last year's adjustment, which was 16,000 Dth, compared to what the IRP had predicted, the amount is close to around 70,000 Dth per day. That's the first point.

The second point -- I'm sorry. The other point that I wanted to talk about was, like I said in my testimony, it may be reasonable to look at a planning horizon of, say, five to ten years. So, even if I go ten years down into the future, based on what the Company had analyzed in its rebuttal testimony, if you assume that the 34,600 meg -- I'm sorry -- Dth per day off the propane facilities are there, then one can

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come to the conclusion that, even, say, down into 2024/25, with the assumptions of 115,000 Dth per day being there for NED, there's an excess of 29,000 Dth per day of capacity. With 100,000 Dth per day, if that's an alternative, the excess is still about 16,000 Dth per day. So -- roughly speaking, sorry, 14,000 Dth per day.

14

And, so, to me, when I look at the Settlement terms, I'm comparing, really, a number that should be around somewhere from 75,000 to 90,000 Dth, roughly speaking. And, these numbers are already accounting for the iNATGAS being at 8,800 Dth per day. It is already accounting for the capacity-exempt customers returning and the assumptions that the Company had made about it. It is already accounting for the Keene's capacity. So, to me, when we are talking about terms that say that we're going to go from 100 to 115,000 under those, when the additions of those three points are 10,000 Dth, if you look at the Settlement proposal, to me, we are not even there. I mean, it's, to me, the numbers that I'm talking about are somewhere in the range of reasonably 75,000 to 90,000 Dth per day. And, that's just a rough estimate.

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Dr. Chattopadhyay,

I've lost the question. I'm not sure if you remember the question. But maybe it would be helpful if Ms. Chamberlin got you back on track.

MS. CHAMBERLIN: Okay.

BY MS. CHAMBERLIN:

- Q. The partial Settlement Agreement made some changes to the original Petition. In your view, is that enough to make the Agreement in the public interest?
- A. No. And, if I wasn't very clear, I was essentially talking about the terms, where it says, you know, the amount would be 115,000, and unless something happened it's going to be 100,000. That's the point I'm talking about. And, I'm trying to say my analysis shows that the amounts are well below those. That's the relevance of the discussion that I was having.

And, with the other condition, which is about growth incentives, I have no issues with it. I mean, it's helpful. But I would point out that that is not enough to let me conclude that we have a reasonable amount that's being purchased. So, that's where I'm — where I am.

Q. Thank you. And, the Company makes some projections about mitigation revenues. Without using any confidential numbers, do you believe the mitigation

revenues will adequately compensate ratepayers for any excess capacity?

A. The analysis that the Company did has assumed some mitigation revenues. And, there are some assumptions behind it. And, those are just that, those are assumptions. To the extent that there is more teeth to it, so, in terms of the Company saying "okay, we actually are going to be abiding by or we're going to put serious effort to make sure that the mitigation revenues are enough to help the ratepayers to be not faced with excess costs", that can help the process.

But, I mean, really, at the end of the day, this is about, for me, "what is the reasonable amount, under the conditions that are already out there in the Settlement terms?"

So, I'm not -- I cannot really speak to exactly how one can implement some sort of approach where the mitigation revenues that are being assumed are -- are actually adhered to. And, so, right now, in my mind, this is really about the "what is the reasonable amount that the Company should be allowed to purchase?"

2. And, in your view, does the partial Settlement address any cost disparity between current ratepayers and

[WITNESS: Chattopadhyay]

- 1 future ratepayers?
- 2 A. No, it doesn't.

- 3 Q. And, can you describe why you believe that?
 - A. Whenever you are buying excess capacity, that is not reasonable. You have to keep in mind, the excesses are actually about, generally speaking, the current ratepayers. You can always buy whatever amount you want, at some point in time in the future it's going to meet the customers' requirements. But, point is, if you're going to buy excessive amounts at this point in time, the rates that the current ratepayers are going to pay, it's going to be, in terms of present value terms, actually higher than the customers way into the future, and yet they are not the ones who are causing who are the ones who triggered the design day requirement that is being addressed in the in

So -- and, that is something I've discussed in my testimony.

the excessive capacity procurement.

- Q. In terms of the partial Settlement Agreement, what is your recommendation to the Commission?
- A. I'm going to take a slight leeway here. First, to point out what is, I think, would be the best in terms of what should be done. In my opinion, the Company

[WITNESS: Chattopadhyay]

should be required to do a resource mix optimization, and give us a good sense of what's that cost-minimizing amount. And, then, we can have a discussion about the reasonability of the number around that. That's number one. So, I would recommend to the Commission that that is something that the Commission requires the Company to do.

In terms of the Settlement terms, like I described, I am so far away from the that band of 100 and 115,000 that, for me, I cannot support that, those terms. For me, however, if you're going to talk in terms of, okay, what about it's 100,000 Dth per day? Again, there isn't enough in the Settlement to give me any comfort that that's a reasonable amount.

But, to the extent that the Company goes ahead and actually undertakes cost-effective retirements of propane facilities, and also looks at ways to reduce the burden on the current ratepayers, if there is such a process, then one might be able to consider 100,000 Dth per day. But I, based on what I have seen in the record, I cannot go there.

I'm going to be strongly advocating that the Company is asked to do the analysis properly.

Number two, I mean, it clearly shows me that, if the

WITNESS: Chattopadhyay] 1 Commission is going to only think about 115,000 to 100,000, there's no reason why we should be going over 2 3 100,000 at all. And, that's not my recommendation. 4 I'm just saying if that's where the Commission ends up 5 going to. 6 MS. CHAMBERLIN: Thank you. The witness 7 is available for cross-examination. 8 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Mr. Kanoff, do you 9 have any questions for Dr. Chattopadhyay? 10 MR. KANOFF: Just one question. 11 CROSS-EXAMINATION 12 BY MR. KANOFF: 13 Your last comment about possible ways to reduce the 14 burden on current ratepayers, is there any way that you 15 can think of where that would be the case, sitting here 16 today? 17 Α. Not under the terms I see in the Settlement, or based 18 on what's there in the requirement. There's --19 obviously, I can surmise as how things might play out, 20 but that's -- I don't think it's going to help at this 21 point, because I'm looking at it in a broad sense.

And, I'm saying that, to the extent there are enough

protections for current ratepayers, essentially, the

current ratepayers are buying more capacity right now

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[WITNESS:
                                  Chattopadhyay]
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          than they need. And, the analysis shows that we are
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          procuring way more than what is sort of optimum.
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                         There could be a space where we can
          discuss, you know, "what are the protections for the
 4
 5
          current ratepayers?" And, I can't really speak more
 6
          than that.
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          And, so, it's a possibility, but you don't have a
     Q.
 8
          specific notion right now?
 9
          No, I don't.
     Α.
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                         MR. KANOFF: No other questions.
11
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Ms. Patterson, do
12
       you have any questions?
13
                                               Thank you.
                         MS. PATTERSON: Yes.
                                                           Good
14
       morning.
15
                         WITNESS CHATTOPADHYAY: Good morning.
16
    BY MS. PATTERSON:
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          Could you clarify the 75,000 to 90,000 Dth per day
18
          range, and tell me whether or not that includes the
19
          Company keeping the propane peaking plants?
20
     Α.
          I'll respond to the last part first. It does keep the
21
          propane facilities. And, I'm talking about the 34,600
22
          Dth per day capacity. Okay. And, you want me to
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{DG 14-380} [REDACTED - for public use] {08-06-15/Day 3}

That was what I wanted you to do.

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clarify --

[WITNESS: Chattopadhyay]

- 1 A. Oh, okay. I'm sorry. That's fine.
- Q. No, thank you. Could you tell us what the range would be without the propane plants?
- A. Again, depends on what do you mean by "without the propane facilities"? As far as --
- 6 Q. I mean the 34,600 Dth per day.
- A. So, just add that amount to both -- to both ends. So, it's going to get -- get to that amount, roughly speaking.
- 10 Q. Is that roughly 100,000 to 115,000?
- 11 A. Under the assumption, without the propane facilities,
 12 that is roughly correct. But, since you're asking that
 13 question, I will clarify. Even my question about
 14 whether those facilities should be retired or not, the
 15 analysis that the Company did, first of all, I'll say
 16 it's not viable, we cannot get rid of them.

Number two, the Company also did an analysis, because I asked for it. And, it's not exactly clear what that analysis shows, but for sure it shows that, when they counted the propane facilities out, the total cost was greater than the NED cost.

- 22 Q. Do you have the Settlement Agreement in front of you?
- 23 A. No, I don't.

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MS. PATTERSON: May I approach the

[WITNESS: Chattopadhyay]

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1 witness please?
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- 2 (Atty. Patterson handing document to the
- 3 witness.)
- 4 BY MS. PATTERSON:
- 5 Q. Just a quick question. Do you agree -- did you
- 6 participate in the discussions that led to the
- 7 Settlement Agreement?
- 8 A. Yes, I did.
- 9 MS. CHAMBERLIN: Your Honor, I object to
- any discussion of the Settlement. Those discussions are
- 11 confidential.
- 12 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: That was a "yes" or
- "no" question, didn't call for any description of what
- 14 took place. But I'm listening.
- MS. PATTERSON: Thank you.
- 16 BY MS. PATTERSON:
- 17 Q. And, would you -- so, and as the OCA witness, you're
- familiar with the terms and conditions of the
- 19 Settlement Agreement?
- 20 A. To the extent I was involved, I am. Yes.
- 21 Q. You reviewed it, though, as it's been filed?
- 22 A. Yes.
- 23 Q. Okay. And, do you agree that the Settlement requires
- the Company to perform an analysis of the propane

{DG 14-380} [REDACTED - for public use] {08-06-15/Day 3}

1 plants, other than those facilities in Keene, within

- 2 the next IRP?
- 3 A. Yes. But it also says -- can I?
- 4 Q. Yes.
- 5 A. That it would look at the next five-year planning
- 6 horizon of the IRP, just to clarify. So, it's not --
- 7 if you're talking about the analysis to be done right
- 8 away, no. It will take a future look at it.
- 9 Q. In the next IRP?
- 10 A. Yes.
- 11 Q. Do you know when that IRP is due?
- 12 A. I don't know exactly, but in a year or two.
- 13 Q. Would you agree, subject to check, that it's due in
- 14 February 2017?
- 15 A. Subject to check, sure.
- 16 Q. Thank you. One last question. Do you agree that, if
- the Settlement were approved by the Commission, and in
- doing so the Company would be required to present an
- analysis of the existing or remaining life of the
- 20 propane peaking plants, in the context of that docket,
- 21 would you agree that, by procuring the NED capacity,
- 22 that the Company would have more flexibility with
- regards to the retirement of those plants at that time?
- 24 A. Any time you have more capacity, given everything else,

1 you will have greater flexibility. So -- but you can't 2 be aware of the cost implications, you cannot just do 3 this in a vacuum.

4 MS. PATTERSON: I don't have any other 5 questions. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Ms. Knowlton.

MS. KNOWLTON: Thank you.

8 BY MS. KNOWLTON:

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- Dr. Chattopadhyay, can you point to the model run that 9 10 excluded propane?
- 11 It's the response to, if I'm remembering correctly, OCA Α. 12 3 -- either 3-10 or 3-11.
- 13 All right. While we look for that, I'm just going to Q. 14 go on with some other questions. I may circle back to 15 In your opinion, would it be prudent for the that. 16 Company to rely on the propane systems for the long 17 term?
 - Α. Based on your own -- the Company's testimony, I mean, at this point, it's not viable to get rid of it. the long term, I haven't -- again, it all depends on what further information you're going to provide. At this point, I'm not able to conclude to what you just asked, saying that "in the long term, you know, it's going to be best for the Company to get rid of it." I

{DG 14-380} [REDACTED - for public use] {08-06-15/Day 3}

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don't know.
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- Q. Are you aware that the propane plants are approximately 40 years or older?
- A. Yes. I'm not exactly aware that they are 40 years or older, but I am aware that they are very old. But that does not necessarily mean to me that, you know, just because something is old, that we have to get rid of it. If it's cost-effective to keep, hold on to, then that should be part of the mix.

And, I'm not -- I'm not suggesting that

you should not consider them being taken out in the

long run. But there's analysis needed for it to

conclude that.

- 14 Q. Have you ever conducted planning for a utility?
- 15 A. No, I haven't.
- Q. And, are you aware that a utility's obligation is to be able to supply its customers 24 hours a day, seven days a week, 365 days a year?
- 19 A. Sort of, yes.
- 20 Q. "Sort of" or "yes"?
- 21 A. Okay, yes. The reason I'm --
- 22 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: There's no pending question.
- 24 WITNESS CHATTOPADHYAY: Okay.

[WITNESS: Chattopadhyay]

1 BY MS. KNOWLTON:

- Q. You're aware that the contract that's before the Commission doesn't contemplate volumes less than 100,000, correct?
- 5 A. As far as the PA contract is concerned right now, yes.
- Q. And, Tennessee, under that contract, has no obligation to contract with the Company for any lesser amount?
 - A. Under that contract, yes.
 - Q. And, your position in this case is that the Commission should reject the contract, but not concern itself with whether it's even possible for the Company to get another contract with Tennessee for something less than 100?
 - A. My position is that you cannot simply look at the -what the contractual terms are and limit yourself to
 what that contract level should be. Cost is a big
 factor, and one cannot ignore cost-effective
 procurement. And, if that analysis shows that the
 contract itself is not reasonable, then, in my opinion,
 the Commission should consider amounts other than the
 ones in the contract.
 - Q. But my understanding of your testimony was, is that the Commission shouldn't consider whether or not the Company is able to go back and negotiate another

1 contract with Tennessee in making its decision?

- 2 A. Correct, if the cost-effective amount is different from the ones that are in the contract.
 - Q. And, that's a position that takes some risk, doesn't it take risk?
 - A. That is why it is important to look at the numbers reasonably. And, what I'm saying is that, if I cannot conclude that the band from 100,000 Dth per day to 115,000 Dth per day is reasonable, then it is my recommendation that amounts that, obviously, are lower than that, because that's what my analysis shows it's likely to be, we should consider those amounts.
 - Q. As I heard your testimony today, you consider

 "reasonable" a range of procurement up to 90,000, and
 that does not include the retirement of the propane
 facilities. And, with the retirement of the propane
 facilities, that gets you to 100,000 and over. Yet, at
 the same time, you're saying the Commission should
 reject the Settlement and take a risk that the Company
 can't enter into another precedent agreement with
 Tennessee to procure a different amount of capacity.
 Isn't there some inconsistency in that position?
 - A. I don't think so. The Company did not analyze the situation, as far as retiring the propane facilities is

concerned. And, it's -- so, and it sort of says that
that is not a viable option. So, to me, there's no
reason for me to prematurely assume that those should
be considered to be retired in figuring out what the

- Q. Is it possible that Tennessee could walk away from the deal entirely, if the Company went back and tried to renegotiate a new deal?
- A. That I cannot, you know, surmise on. But, again, if it's not clear, what I'm saying is --
 - Q. That actually answers my question. And, my next question is, is it possible that Tennessee could agree with the Company to contract, but at a higher cost?
- A. Yes, it's possible. But, when you say "higher cost", --
 - Q. Then compared to the --

right amount is.

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MS. CHAMBERLIN: Objection. Could you let the witness please answer.

19 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: I think -- I think
20 he's actually doing fine, taking care of himself on this.
21 I think I'm going to -- I'm not really sure what happened
22 there. Who stopped whom? Dr. Chattopadhyay, did you have
23 something else you wanted to say in response to that last
24 question that you could do quickly?

[WITNESS: Chattopadhyay]

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1 WITNESS CHATTOPADHYAY: Yes. Can you
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2 repeat the question?

3 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: There we go.

4 BY MS. KNOWLTON:

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- Q. What I was trying to get at is, is that would it be -if the Company and Tennessee were to enter into
 subsequent contract negotiations, is it possible that
 Tennessee would only agree to a rate that's higher than
 the rate that's in the current Precedent Agreement?
 - A. It is possible. But what is important, the rate being higher doesn't mean the total cost is going to be higher as well. There are other things that are moving. And, it's possible that the rate is higher than that's being blessed in the contract right now.

 And, it may be higher, but that still doesn't mean that the total cost cannot be lower.
 - Q. You do agree, don't you, that among the pipeline choices that the Company had, between NED, C2C, and Atlantic Bridge, that NED is the more cost-effective option?
- 21 A. Based on my look of the Company's analysis, correct.
- Q. Are you aware that the other two pipeline options,

 Atlantic Bridge and C2C, are now fully subscribed?
- 24 A. I think I heard that in the first day of the hearing in

[WITNESS: Chattopadhyay]

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1 this docket.
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- 2 Q. Okay.
- 3 A. Or, maybe the second day, I don't remember.
- 4 Q. Would you take that subject to check?
- 5 A. Sure.
- Q. If the Commission rejected the Precedent Agreement, and the Company had to go back to Tennessee to renegotiate, do you think the fact that C2C and Atlantic Bridge are fully subscribed could affect the Company's negotiating power with Tennessee?
- 11 A. I cannot, again, this is all about guessing what might 12 be, what might not be.
- 13 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: But it's certainly
 14 possible, isn't it? I think that was the question she
 15 asked you, isn't it?
- WITNESS CHATTOPADHYAY: Yeah. It's possible.
- 18 BY MS. KNOWLTON:
- 19 Q. Another reason why you want the Commission to reject
 20 the Precedent Agreement is your concern that current
 21 customers will "unnecessarily bear a significantly
 22 greater burden compared to ratepayers in the future,
 23 when the supply and reliability needs are predominantly
 24 being caused by ratepayers in the future." Is that

[WITNESS: Chattopadhyay]

- 1 your testimony?
- 2 A. Correct.

- Q. And, what you consider a "burden" is really no
 different than the circumstance surrounding any other
 infrastructure project paid for by a large group of
 individuals, like the cost to build a bridge or to
 widen a highway, like I-93, to accommodate more
 traffic. Would you agree with that?
 - A. If done prudently, yes. So, if I clarify, I didn't say that, if you get to the reasonable amount, for example, I talked about it in my testimony, that one could target the -- let's say the tenth year planning horizon and see what the design day might be, and then go for the contract level based on that. There, the reality that I talked about still holds, but I'm less concerned about it. I'm not going to -- so, I agree with you. For most infrastructure projects, that is how things play out. But, if you're going to overprocure, and that's what's happening here, the concern that I raise becomes relevant. And, --
- 21 Q. But you -- I'm sorry.
- A. And, it's to point out, the other members of the LDC

 Consortium, they have all planned their design day

 roughly around 2023/24. So, for them, that concern is

1 not a bigger concern. For me, it's a bigger concern 2 here, because you're planning for 2037/38 design day 3 requirement, at least based on the direct testimony, of the Company's direct testimony. 4 5 MS. KNOWLTON: I'm going to move to 6 strike Dr. Chattopadhyay's testimony, to the extent that 7 he refers to the procurement by other LDCs. I don't believe that that is relevant for the Commission's 8 9 determination of whether or not the Agreement that's 10 before it should be approved. 11 MS. CHAMBERLIN: And, I object. The counsel asked the question, she raised the issue. 12 13 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: I heard a 14 completely different question than that part of the answer was responsive to. The question she was asking had to do 15 16 with the comparison to other infrastructure projects. The 17 point he's making is that other LDCs did this differently. 18 That's responsive to a completely different question. 19 it is nonresponsive. 20 However, you're going to get a crack at asking him more questions in just a second, aren't you? 21 22 MS. CHAMBERLIN: I am.

to strike the testimony after the response related to the

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Yes. So, I'm going

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effect on ratepayers being similar to the effect on
everybody else for every other infrastructure structure

But I have a sneaking suspicion we're going to hear it again in a few minutes.

6 BY MS. KNOWLTON:

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- 7 Q. Dr. Chattopadhyay, the forecast that you just referred to, that included the propane plants, correct?
- 9 A. Which forecast? I mean, can you --

project when done prudently.

- Q. Well, you were telling us about how you felt that the planning horizon out to 2024 -- I'm sorry, 2036, you know, was imprudent, in terms of the amount of capacity that the Company is seeking to procure. And, my question to you is, didn't that forecast that the Company relied upon include the propane plants?
- 16 A. Yes. I already said that initially.
- 17 Q. Okay.
- 18 A. That's what it is.
- Q. All right. And, back to this concept of "developing infrastructure for the future", isn't it typical that, when these types of projects are built, that people today are paying for the cost of the bridge or the cost of the highway that benefits others in the future?
- 24 A. I already agreed to that. But I was trying to qualify

{DG 14-380} [REDACTED - for public use] {08-06-15/Day 3}

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         the response by saying that you need to look at the
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        prudency. So, if you're going to be overprocuring
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         relative to what the prudent amount is, then, the
         concern that I raise becomes relevant. That's the
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        point I'm trying to make.
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- Okay. And, this is not something that's unfamiliar to Q. the Commission. I'll give you an example. I know, in the past, the Commission has approved cost recovery from current customers for the cost of constructing a water treatment plant that was sized to meet the needs of customers, not only at that time, but well into the future.
- 13 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Is that a question?
- 14 BY MS. KNOWLTON:

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- 15 Well, my question is, are you familiar with the 16 Commission's undertaking of that type approval in the 17 past?
- 18 I haven't worked on water cases directly. But I would 19 say that that is -- I expect that to be true.
- 20 Q. Right. And, that's because --
- 21 And -- sorry. But here we are talking about a contract 22 level. It's not like you're putting in something into 23 place yourself.
- 24 Well, I mean, if the Company -- I think your suggestion

{DG 14-380} [REDACTED - for public use] {08-06-15/Day 3}

then is that the Company procure some capacity now, and then wait and get more in the future?

- A. I'm saying it procures an amount that is prudent. And, that is not driven by the twentieth year into the horizon. It's driven more likely way sooner. And, I'm saying that the reasonable sort of cutoff would be ten years.
- Q. Okay. But, if the Company retired the propane plants earlier than the 2036, wouldn't the shortfall in capacity happen sooner?
- A. It's not like you don't have the ability to go out there and look for other resources based on what you expect the design year requirements are going to be in the future. Right now, all I'm saying, at this point it is not prudent to think way beyond the tenth year.

 And, that is actually a pretty in my opinion, pretty generous. It's looking at ten years down into the future.
- Q. Are you aware that back in 2008 the Commission approved an expansion of the Concord Lateral that resulted in the procurement of more capacity than was needed at the time that the contract was entered into, because it was seeking to accommodate the need for capacity in the future?

[WITNESS: Chattopadhyay]

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A. I need to understand, when you say "more capacity than needed", what is "needed"? I mean, what -- you can point out is what design day was it targeting? And, at this point, I don't know what that -- what design day you were talking, which years. So, I can't really respond to that.
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- Q. Do you know when the last project was constructed that reflected new capacity that was built to interconnect with the Company's distribution system?
- 10 A. I don't know precisely. But, subject to check, I

 11 remember there was discussions about it somewhere, in

 12 the data responses I think. So, it could be fifteen,

 13 fifteen years or twenty years ago.
- Q. All right. Setting aside the amount of capacity that the Company purchases, --
- 16 A. Say that again. Sorry.
- Q. Setting aside the amount of capacity that the Company purchases, would you agree that the NED Pipeline has some benefits that have nothing to do with price or, for that matter, you know, the amount of capacity that is procured? And "benefits" I mean to the Company and its customers.
- 23 A. Yes, I do.

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Q. What are those benefits?

WITNESS: Chattopadhyay]

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Α.
          I've sort of already mentioned, whenever you
 2
          overprocure, there is greater flexibility. So, I'm not
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          discounting that. And, I've already indicated that.
          But this isn't about just looking at what the Company
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                 It's also about what the ratepayers are going
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          to be subject to. And, one cannot ignore the realities
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          that this, even in terms of planning for projects that
          take a while to be in the ground, there's a reasonable
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          planning horizon. I mean, to me, that's the crux here.
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          But can you explain, when you were referred to one of
     Q.
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- the benefits that you see of this project to the Company, when you said "greater flexibility", can you explain what you mean by that?
- Leaving aside the issue of cost, for example, we have already discussed it. So, to the extent that you are able to figure out that such and such propane facilities can be cost-effectively retired, the reality that you have excess capacity from other sources, it helps you to implement that sooner.
- 20 Q. Do you see any benefit to the Company of having a second delivery point into its system? 21
- 22 Yes, I do. Α.
- 23 That would be another benefit of this project?
- 24 Α. Yes.

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1 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Ms. Knowlton, we're
2 going to need to break anyway. So, this -- why don't we
3 take our break, 10:00 break, because it is exactly 10:00.

And, we'll come back on the record in 15 minutes, at 10:15. Off the record.

(Recess taken at 10:00 a.m. and the hearing resumed at 10:21 a.m.)

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Ms. Knowlton,

before you get started, I want to go back to the motion to strike the testimony and the exchange that I had with you and Ms. Chamberlin about that.

The answer that the witness wanted to give you, in response to the question about "isn't this just like every other infrastructure project that people have to pay for?", was "Yes, but you have to be prudent about it." And, then, he wanted to continue, and did continue and say "other utilities" -- "one of the ways we might look at prudence is what other similar utilities do." And, his point is that "other utilities looked at a much shorter horizon for making the decision about this."

I think I understand that. The question that I have is, is that anywhere in the record already or is he introducing that fact for the first time in response to that question? Does anybody know?

[WITNESS: Chattopadhyay]

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                         MS. KNOWLTON:
                                        I don't believe it is in
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       the record. Mr. DaFonte was asked about that when he was
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       on the stand. And, you might recall that there was -- he
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       was questioned about his knowledge of those dockets in
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       Massachusetts and the planning horizon that was used.
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       And, I believe --
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                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Mr. Kanoff has
       something on this, I think.
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                         MS. KNOWLTON: -- that he said that he
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       "didn't have knowledge of it". So, --
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                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Mr. Kanoff.
                         MR. KANOFF: Yes. It's in
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       Mr. Rosenkranz's testimony, on Page 20.
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                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: All right. If it
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       is -- if that is testimony that's already on the record,
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       Ms. Knowlton, I'm going to encourage you to ask whatever
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       questions you feel you need to of this witness with
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       respect to that aspect of his answer.
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                         Ms. Chamberlin, I'm going to then
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       reconsider the ruling on the motion to strike, which was
      Ms. Knowlton's. I granted the motion, I'm now overruling
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       my own -- I'm reversing my own order on that. So, the
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       testimony is going to come in. You won't have to ask
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       about it again.
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[WITNESS: Chattopadhyay]

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                         But, because it's going to come in, and
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       Ms. Knowlton won't have another crack at this witness, she
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       should ask whatever questions she has with this witness
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       about that while she's doing this now.
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                         Does everybody understand what I've just
       done?
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                         MS. CHAMBERLIN: Yes.
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                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: All right.
                                                           Thank
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       you. Ms. Knowlton, you can continue.
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                         MS. KNOWLTON:
                                        Thank you.
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     BY MS. KNOWLTON:
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          Dr. Chattopadhyay, I want to walk through some numbers
     Q.
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          based on the testimony that you've given today, to make
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          sure that I understand correctly what you're saying.
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          So, what I understood you to say earlier this morning
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          is that the Company's last approved IRP came up with
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          90,000 Dekatherms a day of capacity that was needed.
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          And, that you were in agreement with that number. Is
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          that correct?
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          I did not participate in that IRP docket representing
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                So, I'm not sure I can say whether I agree or
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          disagree. But I'm saying that IRP filing shows --
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          actually works through the analysis of what's the
24
          resource mix level of maximum daily quantity for NEX,
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1 Which has very similar attributes to NED
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- which has very similar attributes to NED. And, the number there was 90,000. But the model was based on the assumption that 32,600 Dth per day for the Manchester and Nashua facilities were not there.
- Q. Right. So, then, the propane facilities were assumed to be retired for those purposes?
- 7 A. For those two cities.
- Q. Okay. So, let's -- so, the 90 -- let's start with the 90,000 from the IRP. And, would you agree that it is appropriate to include some additional amount for capacity-exempt customers that have returned?
- 12 A. I already discussed that. I said "yes".
- Q. Okay. And, how much would you include for those customers?
- 15 A. Again, for me, it's not about how much I would include.

 16 I'm saying the Company has projected what those

 17 inclusions are going to be, and I was basing my

 18 analysis on those numbers.
- Q. All right. So, I would like to -- do you have Mr.

 DaFonte's rebuttal testimony in front of you?
- 21 A. No, I don't. Yes, I do, actually. Yes.
- MS. KNOWLTON: I actually have -- my
 next question is confidential. I apologize. I need to go
 through this to --

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CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Okay.
                                                      All right.
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       So, Mr. Frink, can you do me a favor please? So, the
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       people who are not allowed to hear the confidential part
       of the record will go with Mr. Frink for just a few
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       minutes.
                 Thank you.
 6
                         (Public portion of the record
 7
                         suspended.)
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                         (Pages 43 through 51 of the hearing
                         transcript is contained under separate
 9
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                         cover designated as "Confidential &
                         Proprietary" and is the reason that
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                         Pages 43 through 51 contained herein
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                         have been redacted and the pages are
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                         intentionally left blank.)
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[WITNESS: Chattopadhyay]

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1 (Hearing resumes on the PUBLIC portion
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- 2 of the record.)
- 3 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: All right. Go
- 4 ahead, Ms. Knowlton.
- 5 MS. KNOWLTON: Thank you.
- 6 BY MS. KNOWLTON:
- 7 Q. Dr. Chattopadhyay, looking -- I'm looking at that Table
- 8 Staff Tech-23(b) that we were looking at. This is
- 9 Bates Page 01 of Mr. DaFonte's rebuttal testimony.
- 10 A. Yes.
- 11 Q. If you would take the difference from -- if you take
- the difference between the year "2024/25 Design Day"
- 13 Updated", and compare that to -- tell me the difference
- between that and the year "2014/2015 Design Day"
- 15 Updated", what that figure is?
- 16 A. Repeat that. The last one was "2014/2015"?
- 17 Q. Yes, 2014/2015.
- 18 A. It's about 42, 43,000, roughly.
- 19 Q. I'm getting "26,329". I'm doing 171,513, less 145,184.
- 20 A. Can I -- I'm a little confused. Can I ask, you're
- asking me to compare 2014/15 with 2024/25, and you're
- looking at "Total Updated Design Day"?
- 23 Q. Yes. That's what I'm looking at.
- 24 A. So, it's "148,547" to "191,000".

[WITNESS: Chattopadhyay]

- 1 Q. I'm looking just at the "Design Day Updated" column.
- 2 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: The second column.
- 3 BY MS. KNOWLTON:
- 4 Q. The second column on the table.
- 5 A. Yes. This is correct. Okay.
- 6 Q. And, would you agree that it's -- the difference
- 7 between the two is the 26,329 Dekatherms a day?
- 8 A. Yes.
- 9 Q. And, that would reflect the amount of growth that the
- 10 | Company has projected from the IRP forecast?
- 11 A. The "Design Day Updated" is part of the NED filing.
- 12 It's not the IRP filing.
- 13 Q. But the Company -- so, the first column is --
- 14 A. Correct.
- 15 Q. -- was the Company's Design Day based on the last
- 16 Commission-approved IRP, right?
- 17 A. Right.
- 18 Q. And, then, the Company did an update to that forecast
- that included its projected growth?
- 20 A. Yes.
- 21 Q. And, that's that next column, "Design Day Updated",
- 22 right?
- 23 A. Correct.
- 24 Q. So, I'm just trying to get some reasonable proxy for

[WITNESS: Chattopadhyay]

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1 the amount of growth that we can add in to our figure.
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- 2 And, so, I was just trying to get this difference
- 3 between the years 2024/25 and 2014/2015, which I get
- 4 "26,329 Dekatherms a day". Do you get that same math?
- 5 A. I mean, you're just going through that math. Yes, that's correct.
- Q. So, if I add that to our previous total of the amount
 of dekatherms a day that the IRP found was necessary to
 serve customers in the future, adding in the
 capacity-exempt, adding in the iNATGAS, and adding in
 that 26,329 in growth, we get a number that's over
 115,000 Dekatherms a day, correct?
- 13 A. Can you --
- Q. And, don't say the number out loud, because that number may be confidential please.
- 16 A. This is assuming that you -- I'm not following exactly
 17 what you're saying. Can you repeat it?
- 18 Q. So, this is assuming --
- 19 (Court reporter interruption.)
- 20 BY MS. KNOWLTON:
- Q. The 90,000 assumes that the propane was retire, that's that IRP figure. And, I can write this down on a piece of paper, if that's easier, and hand it to you, if you
- 24 want to look at that?

WITNESS: Chattopadhyay] 1 Α. I'm not really following what you're saying. 2 design day is there's a design day requirement. It's 3 not the resources. That's what's confusing me. It's just the requirement that you're trying to meet. 4 5 if it's helpful, what I have done is simply, in talking 6 about the ten years projection, I took the numbers that 7 the Company had provided, which is -- which leads to -well, I don't know. 8 9 MS. KNOWLTON: Actually, I think I can 10 make this really simple, if I might. Can I approach the 11 bench with a piece of paper and just write the numbers 12 down and show them to the witness? 13 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: You're going to 14 show them to other counsel, too? 15 MS. KNOWLTON: I can show it to counsel 16 first. 17 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: And, the reason 18 she's doing this, for the people in the back, is there's 19 at least one confidential number that's in the calculation 20 that she wants to show the witness. So, we're trying to

Dr. Chattopadhyay to focus on the total, understand how she got there, but not talk about the interim numbers, okay?

avoid making you leave again. And, I'll ask

WITNESS: Chattopadhyay] 1 WITNESS CHATTOPADHYAY: Okay. 2 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Actually, let me 3 correct that. It's not to name the total, it's the 4 quality she's asking for, of more or less than. 5 (Short pause.) CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Off the record. 6 7 (Brief off-the-record discussion ensued.) 8 9 MS. KNOWLTON: May I approach the 10 witness? 11 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Sure. 12 BY MS. KNOWLTON: 13 Dr. Chattopadhyay, I'm going to show you a piece of 14 paper that I've written on that has --15 (Court reporter interruption.) 16 BY MS. KNOWLTON: 17 -- which shows the 90,000 Dekatherms a day from the Q. 18 last approved IRP, DG 13-313, the confidential 19 capacity-exempt figure, the iNATGAS figure, and then I 20 show a total. And, you've already agreed that we did 21 the math right. And, then, the next thing I show is 22 "plus growth". And, I would just ask that you write in 23 whatever number you think, you know, put in the lowest

number that you think is reasonable for the Company to

[WITNESS: Chattopadhyay]

assume for growth on the system over the next ten
years, and then add that up for me.

(Short pause.)

BY THE WITNESS:

A. Again, I'm struggling a little bit. Because, in my calculations, and I keep going back to what I had said, was that the IRP worked through what that amount should be, which is the resource mix optimization or the NEX capacity should be, which is 90,000 Dth per day. But that is not what is the level that is necessarily needed in the very first year. It's based on a projection and cost attributes and figuring out that is the amount that we should be targeting.

Now, having figured that out, all I was saying was that calculation contains the 32,600 Dth per day for the propane facilities calculated in it. So, if you just subtract that amount, you really roughly need 57,000 Dth per day to account for, you know, what you need into the future based on that optimization.

- 22 BY MS. KNOWLTON:
- 23 Q. Just don't say it out loud.
- 24 A. What -- which is in your -- which is associated with

[WITNESS: Chattopadhyay]

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20,000 -- sorry, 2037/38, okay? And, I went with the
others as well, that is what the Company had provided.

So, that calculation has already taken account of, let
me see, it's in that table, which is 23(b). Okay? And
that, when I talked about that number overall, you add
that number to 57,000, that's how you get close to.

Anyway, that's what I did.
```

- iniyway, chac b whac i aia.
- 8 Q. So, do you think it should be zero?
- 9 A. What?
- 10 Q. I mean, just put down whatever you think it should be.

 11 Zero, question mark. I mean, do you --
- 12 A. I need to, first of all, in the calculations that's

 13 there in the table, there's also Keene, okay? So,

 14 really, I'm struggling to give you -- what do you mean

 15 by "growth"? Just --
- Q. Define it -- here's what I'm trying to get at. And,
 I'm really not trying to make it complicated. What I'm
 asking you to do is to write down whatever figure, in
 your professional judgment, best approximates what
 growth the Company should plan for for the next ten
 years.
- 22 A. Overall --
- Q. And, if you think it's zero, put zero. You know, put whatever you think is appropriate.

[WITNESS: Chattopadhyay] 1 MS. CHAMBERLIN: Your Honor, I think the 2 question has been asked and answered. He's given the 3 answer. 4 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: I have not -- no, I 5 have not heard an answer. But I think it may be because they're talking about two different things. 6 7 MS. CHAMBERLIN: Yes. 8 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: But I definitely haven't heard an answer to that question. There's no 9 10 doubt in my mind. 11 MS. CHAMBERLIN: He's explaining what he 12 did. She's asking what he did. 13 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: No. She's not 14 asking what he did. She's trying to develop another 15 calculation. 16 MS. PATTERSON: Yes. 17 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: And, she's trying 18 to ask him "how much, if any, should be included for 19 growth on the system, on the existing system?" And, his 20 answer about what he already did isn't an answer to that 21 question. 22 MS. CHAMBERLIN: It isn't. He is saying 23 that the 90,000 Dekatherms already includes growth.

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Ah.

That's what I

[WITNESS: Chattopadhyay]

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think he's saying, too, but he hasn't said it yet.
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- 2 MS. KNOWLTON: Then, he should write a
- 3 zero.

4 BY THE WITNESS:

- 5 A. Again, we are -- we are talking -- this is really
- 6 confusing me. First of all, when I talk about "75,000
- 7 to 90,000", that has nothing to do with your number
- 8 here, 90,000 Dth. Okay.
- 9 BY MS. KNOWLTON:
- 10 Q. I know that.
- 11 A. That's --
- 12 Q. And, we're going to get to that in a minute.
- 13 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Only one at a time,
- Ms. Knowlton.
- 15 **BY THE WITNESS:**
- 16 A. That's helpful. So, if you're talking about this
- number, I've already talked about today, I'm saying I'm
- 18 adding 16,000 to it --
- 19 BY MS. KNOWLTON:
- 20 Q. Okay.
- 21 A. -- to get the total.
- 22 Q. Thank you. So, add -- write down "16,000" on that
- piece of paper, where I have a blank for growth.
- 24 A. Yes. Not -- because I'm saying "total". So, it's

[WITNESS: Chattopadhyay] 1 really, your numbers already here --(Court reporter interruption.) 2 3 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Please don't read 4 the numbers on that piece of paper. 5 WITNESS CHATTOPADHYAY: Okay. 6 (Court reporter indicating he didn't get 7 the numbers.) 8 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: That's a good 9 thing. It's not on the record. It didn't get in there. 10 Please don't read the numbers. 11 WITNESS CHATTOPADHYAY: Okay. 12 CONTINUED BY THE WITNESS: 13 I'm saying, including the numbers that you've already 14 provided, the number that -- that number is 16,000 over 15 90,000. 16 BY MS. KNOWLTON: 17 Okay. So, can you write down, where it says "customer Q. 18 growth", and where the blank is, write down whatever

- 19 number you think should be there.
- 20 Okay. I will also --Α.
- 21 Just write the number down.
- 22 I will. I will. I'm also qualifying, these
- 23 are your numbers. Okay?
- 24 That's okay. Q.

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1
     Α.
          So, I'm starting off with these numbers and putting a
 2
          number there, that -- which I arrived using my look at
 3
          your -- the Company's table. So, the number that I
 4
          have here from you is, to start with, different for the
 5
          capacity-exempt than what I had assumed.
 6
                         But, anyway, I'm going to do this
 7
          calculation --
          Dr. Chattopadhyay, actually, I asked you, when you put
 8
          down the capacity-exempt number, I asked you what was
 9
10
          your number, and you said "I accept the Company's
11
          number." I showed you Mr. DaFonte's testimony.
12
          No, I --
     Α.
13
          If you think it's a different number, all I want you to
14
          do is to cross out and put down the number that, in
          your professional opinion, you believe represents the
15
16
          correct number --
17
          When you --
     Α.
18
          -- that the Company should be planning for.
19
          When you showed me the table, you asked me whether that
     Α.
20
          number was _____ or whatever.
21
                         MS. CHAMBERLIN: Eh!
22
                         WITNESS CHATTOPADHYAY:
                                                 So -- sorry.
23
       just said that's what's written there.
24
                         MS. KNOWLTON:
                                        Okay.
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[WITNESS: Chattopadhyay]

1 WITNESS CHATTOPADHYAY: Okay? And, I'm

2 more than happy to give you the calculation here.

- 3 BY MS. KNOWLTON:
- 4 Q. I want to be clear, though, for purposes of this

5 calculation, I want this to reflect what you believe is

6 appropriate. And, I want to start over, if you think

7 what's written down so far isn't appropriate. Because

8 you've told us that you agree with the IRP methodology,

9 and you didn't dispute the 90,000. So, -- and it was

approved by the Commission. So, I want to add to the

90,000 the capacity-exempt number. Do you want to

change what's on that piece of paper?

- 13 A. What I would like to do is I would like to add a number
- to the 90,000, overall, okay? Without getting into a
- debate about capacity-exempt, iNATGAS, and all of that.
- 16 So, --

- 17 Q. But can we agree what -- okay, if you want to load it
- all up into one figure, I'm okay with that. But can
- 19 you tell me what's in that figure? Is it
- capacity-exempt, is it IRP, and is it growth on the
- 21 system? And iNATGAS?
- 22 A. As assumed by you, as well as Keene.
- 23 Q. Add in -- I'm asking you, add in all those things that
- should be added, that you think should be added, and

1 just give me -- give me a total. It's not about what "should be added". I'm saying 2 Α. 3 what's there in your table. And, I'm saying, that total, I've already talked about it, it's 90,000, and 4 5 beyond that 16,000. 6 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Wait. 7 wait. Wait, wait, wait, wait. Wait. WITNESS CHATTOPADHYAY: Okay. 8 9 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: She is asking you 10 "what, in your professional judgment, having looked at the 11 situation, the numbers should be?" If there are some on 12 which you have no opinion, and are just going to accept 13 the Company's numbers, that's fine. 14 WITNESS CHATTOPADHYAY: Yes. 15 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: If there are 16 numbers about which you do have an opinion, those are the 17 ones she wants. She wants both. 18 WITNESS CHATTOPADHYAY: Okay. 19 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: She wants to know 20 what they are. 21 BY THE WITNESS: 22 I accepted the Company's number. And, you know, I 23 don't have any opinions on them, as far as the overall

{DG 14-380} [REDACTED - for public use] {08-06-15/Day 3}

calculation is concerned, for the purpose of my

[WITNESS: Chattopadhyay]

- 1 testimony -- for the testimony that I provided today.
- 2 So, what I'm saying is, I've already done the
- 3 calculations. And, those calculations account for
- 4 capacity-exempt numbers, they account for iNATGAS, and
- 5 which I hadn't even mentioned what that amount was, and
- I account for whatever the Company provided here,
- 7 including the Keene new expansion numbers. Okay?
- 8 Q. So, what's the total here?
- 9 A. So, I'm saying, from 90, you add roughly 16,000.
- 10 Q. Okay. And, what's that total?
- 11 A. So, it comes to 106,000.
- 12 Q. Dekatherms a day?
- 13 A. Yup.
- 14 Q. Okay. Now, let's go to your -- you also testified
- about a range of "75,000 to 90,000" this morning. Is
- 16 that correct?
- 17 A. Correct.
- 18 Q. And, that range included the propane plants, right?
- 19 A. That included the propane plants.
- 20 Q. Okay. And, the Company is going to file its next IRP
- 21 analysis or next IRP that includes an analysis of those
- 22 propane plants no later than February 2017, correct?
- 23 A. Subject to check, that's my understanding.
- 24 Q. And, the NED Pipeline is scheduled to be in service as

of November 2018, right?

- 2 A. That is my understanding, yes.
- 3 Q. So, I would next ask you to take the lower end of your
- 4 range, the 75,000, and then to assume that the propane
- is retired, and to add in the amount of capacity that
- 6 the propane facilities represents and tell me that
- 7 total?
- 8 A. I have -- again, these are all rough numbers. So, the
- 9 75,000, I'm saying, for both numbers, you can add
- 10 34,600, roughly.
- 11 Q. Okay. So, what does that get to?
- 12 A. One hundred and --
- 13 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: I hope it's
- 14 109,600.
- 15 **BY THE WITNESS:**
- 16 A. 109,600.
- 17 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Good.
- 18 BY MS. KNOWLTON:
- 19 Q. Okay. And, then, so that's the lower end of the range,
- assuming a propane retirement. And, then, what would
- be the upper end of your range, again, assuming
- retirement of those propane facilities?
- 23 A. I would add another 15,000 to it.
- 24 Q. And, that would get us to what?

1 Α. That will get us 124,600 Dth per day.

MS. KNOWLTON: The Company has nothing further for the witness.

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Commissioner Scott.

COMMISSIONER SCOTT: Good morning.

BY COMMISSIONER SCOTT:

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Most of my questions have been answered, but I just 0. wanted to get -- delve a little bit deeper in your testimony from the Bench and your written testimony, you discuss this "current customer versus future customer equity issue". So, what I'm curious about is, and I think Attorney -- the attorney from Liberty mentioned, is your presumption that, by looking at these smaller increments of time, whether it's ten years or something else, and this balancing of current customers and future customers, is there a presumption that there's a ready supply of pipeline capacity to be purchased in the future? Meaning, you limit your increment today, because, in ten years from now or twenty years from now, if there's a need for future growth, you just buy some more. Is that an appropriate -- is that your assumption?

The look at the different levels is purely to do a search analysis of where you get the least cost.

it's not tied to me suggesting that those are the ——
that is how it should be procured. There is an amount
associated with the contract that is going to give you
the least cost, if you're going to run the resource
mix, or the way I was approaching it is very similar,
keep everything else same, go through the different
numbers, then get a good sense of where the costs will
be in the lower range, okay? That's what I was doing
there.

Now, having said that, it's -- it is also my position that you can look into the future, for example, five to ten years, and choose a design day, and work on it, and figure out what's the capacity that we need. That would be more in line with the approach that I just described. And, it would, even though it's very likely to give you a higher cost than what a least cost optimization would do, that would still be in the reasonable range.

But to go all the way to twenty years is not reasonable, in my opinion. You have to consider the fact that markets work in their own ways. And, as customers, we should be more than comfortable in having to deal with a design day that's going to happen twenty years down in the future, sometime in the future, not

1 right now. That's my --

- Q. Well, I guess my question is, is inherent in that discussion that we should go ten years, not twenty years, but if a twenty year projection shows there should be a need for more capacity to be purchased, that would imply there would be a second purchase closer to that date. Is that correct?
- A. Provided it plays out exactly that way. So, what you have the reality is that you have to deal with the uncertainties. And, as ratepayers right now, who are going to be paying for this, it is very fair that they are not required to pay for these, for a proceed procurement level that is meant for a design day so much into the future. That's the point I'm trying to make. And, it's there's a balance there you need to strike, and I was suggesting five to ten years horizon is a reasonable approach.
- Q. And, back to my question is, so, is it safe to assume, you think a second procurement, assuming the twenty year projection is correct, that there would be a need for an even further purchase compared to what your levels you're suggesting are, is a second procurement, is that realistic?
- A. It's very possible. Yes.

1 COMMISSIONER SCOTT: Okay. Thank you.

2 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Commissioner

3 Bailey.

4 COMMISSIONER BAILEY: I'm new at this.

5 So, I'm trying to --

6 WITNESS CHATTOPADHYAY: Okay.

7 COMMISSIONER BAILEY: -- ask you for

8 some information.

9 BY COMMISSIONER BAILEY:

- 10 Q. Can you tell me, does the price of firm transportation
- service increase or decrease over the life of the
- 12 pipeline? So, like if --
- 13 A. Can you repeat? Sorry. I don't --
- 14 Q. If we know what the price of transportation service is
- today, that they have agreed to in the PA, and they
- have agreed to it for 20 years, if they -- say they
- only agree to it for ten years. And, so, the contract
- was for ten years. First of all, how long does a
- 19 pipeline last, do you know?
- 20 A. You know, I don't -- I'm not -- I really don't. But I
- 21 know they're long, they last -- they're long, well
- 22 beyond 20 years, in some cases.
- 23 Q. Okay. So, maybe 40 years or --
- 24 A. Yes.

Q. Okay. So, in the 30th year, would the price, if they had to renegotiate a contract, be higher or lower than the price that they negotiated today, you think?

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The way the demand charges work, to the best of my Α. understanding, they are recovering the embedded costs of the project, okay? So, there's, generally speaking, those costs are all recovered in a 20-year, roughly speaking, 20-year timeline. And, then, that doesn't mean there are going to be -- there won't be other costs associated with procuring transportation, even on the same pipeline, for example. So, for me, it's very hard to predict what those numbers are going to be into the future, because of inflation, there are other factors involved.

But, generally speaking, because the embedded costs are recovered when a project is proposed and it's put in place, my understanding is it's not -the embedded costs are recovered over, say, let's say, in this case, maybe twenty years.

- Q. Okay. So, if they're recovered over twenty years, and they have a contract for ten years, are the embedded --
- Beyond that? Α.

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23 Just assume that they had negotiated a contract for ten 24 years, because that's what you think would be more

1 appropriate.

- 2 A. Yes.
- 3 Q. Okay. So, and assume they got the same price.
- 4 A. I'm not saying the contract should be for ten years.
- 5 Q. Okay.
- 6 A. The contract is still twenty years. I'm just talking
- 7 about the contract level.
- 8 Q. Okay. I get the difference.
- 9 A. Yes.
- 10 Q. Okay. I'll leave it there. Do you believe that
- there's any possibility, that it's possible that
- there's a limitation in the supply that would be
- available in Dracut in the future?
- 14 A. Can you just repeat the first part again? I missed --
- 15 Q. Is it possible that the supply in Dracut could be
- limited, so that there isn't enough supply coming from
- 17 Dracut?
- 18 A. You're talking about the Dracut/Concord Lateral?
- 19 Q. Yes.
- 20 A. That is assumed in the analysis by, you know, by the
- Company. And, my discussion about the numbers here
- today was assuming that those 50,000 -- the 50,000
- capacity from Dracut is being taken over by the NED
- 24 capacity.

[WITNESS: Chattopadhyay]

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                         But, if you're asking me whether, in the
 2
          future, there could be issues with the Dracut/Concord,
 3
          you know, Concord Lateral, which is still there? Yes.
          I mean, it's possible. But my calculations here
 4
 5
          already -- the NED capacity that I'm talking about is
          replacing for those 50,000 Dth per day contract for the
 6
          Concord Lateral, the two pieces that the Company has.
 7
          But your testimony I thought was "it would be more
 8
     Q.
          cost-effective to keep the 50,000 on the Concord
 9
10
          Lateral and only buy 65,000 on the NED Pipeline."
11
          assuming that 65,000 was necessary, but you think
          that's too high.
12
          The analysis shows that 65,000/50,000 Dth combination
13
14
          for NED and Concord Lateral is less costly than going
          just to NED. And, that assumes a lot of things about
15
16
          the prices already. So, the constraints are being
17
          modeled by the Company already, okay?
18
                         And, if the question is that, whether we
19
          should keep going down further, it's about the cost.
20
          And, it's entirely possible that you may have a,
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And, if the question is that, whether we should keep going down further, it's about the cost.

And, it's entirely possible that you may have a, relatively speaking, a very illiquid situation in Dracut. But, in the overall scheme of things, paying a very high energy price at any point in time may be a better option than trying to procure additional

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          capacity, contract for demand charges, for which you
 2
          pay throughout twenty years. So, that's, you know,
 3
          that's a possibility.
          So, do you think that securing capacity on this NED
 4
     Q.
 5
          Pipeline would improve reliability?
 6
          I'm not an engineer. But, based on my look at it, I
     Α.
 7
          would expect that it has reliability values.
 8
                         COMMISSIONER BAILEY: Okay. Thank you.
 9
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: I have no questions
10
       for Dr. Chattopadhyay. Ms. Chamberlin.
11
                         MS. CHAMBERLIN: Your Honor, as long as
12
       your -- the original motion to strike has been overruled,
13
       and that testimony stays in, I have no questions.
14
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: All right.
15
       you very much. Thank you, Dr. Chattopadhyay. You can
16
       return to your seat.
17
                         WITNESS CHATTOPADHYAY:
                                                 Thank you.
18
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: We're going to take
       a five-minute break for Mr. Patnaude, and then we'll come
19
20
       back for what I think is the last witness. So, we'll
      break until, we'll say, 20 after.
21
22
                         (Recess taken at 11:12 a.m. and the
23
                         hearing resumed at 11:23 a.m.)
24
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CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Mr. Kanoff.

[WITNESS: Rosenkranz] 1 MR. KANOFF: I'd like to have 2 Mr. Rosenkranz take the stand. 3 (Whereupon John A. Rosenkranz was duly sworn by the Court Reporter.) 4 5 MR. KANOFF: Good morning, Mr. 6 Rosenkranz. 7 WITNESS ROSENKRANZ: Good morning. 8 JOHN A. ROSENKRANZ, SWORN DIRECT EXAMINATION 9 10 BY MR. KANOFF: Will you state your full name for the record. 11 12 John Rosenkranz. And, for whom do you work? 13 14 I'm a self-employed consultant. My company is North 15 Side Energy, LLC. 16 Q. And, what type of work do you do there? 17 I do gas supply planning and regulatory consulting for a number of clients. 18 19 And, how long have you done this type of consulting Q. 20 work?

21 A. I've had my own firm since 2006. But, previously, in

my career, I have done other gas supply-related

consulting.

Q. Have you had an opportunity to testify as an expert

WITNESS:

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1 witness and defend that testimony before a governmental 2 agency that regulates public utilities?

Rosenkranzl

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- Yes, I have. I've been doing quite a bit of work for Α. the Maine Public Advocate's Office. So, I've done some testimony in Maine. I do -- I've been involved in a number of cases in Ontario, before the Ontario Energy Board. I've done a case in Arizona, and a couple other states.
- And, aside from your present consulting work, do you Q. have any other natural gas/public utility-related experience?
- Yes. As I said previously, I was doing consulting in Α. the gas supply planning area. I worked for a firm that provided gas supply planning software to gas distribution companies, was involved in helping those companies do different types of gas supply planning studies. Something similar to what's now used as the SENDOUT software, this would be the precursor, and, at that time, was a competitor to SENDOUT.

I've also, in my background, been involved in pipeline development projects, storage development projects. So, I've worked on a number of -- a range of different things in the gas supply area.

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[WITNESS: Rosenkranz]
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                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Mr. Kanoff, I'll
       note we do have Mr. Rosenkranz's résumés. It was attached
 2
 3
       to his testimony. So, we're familiar with his background.
 4
                         MR. KANOFF: Thank you.
    BY MR. KANOFF:
 5
          The testimony and exhibits you prepared are in the file
 6
 7
          in this case and have been marked as "Exhibits 17"
          through "22" for identification. Is that your
 8
          understanding?
 9
10
          Yes.
     Α.
11
                         MR. KANOFF: And, I believe we have all
12
       agreed that they may be entered as exhibits for
13
       identification as marked.
14
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Just have him adopt
15
       it as his testimony.
16
    BY MR. KANOFF:
17
          Do you adopt the Exhibits 17 through 22 as your
18
          testimony?
19
          Yes, I do.
     Α.
20
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Do you have any
       corrections or changes that need to be made to it?
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22
                         WITNESS ROSENKRANZ: There is one minor
23
       correction I can point out. On Page 6 of my testimony,
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{DG 14-380} [REDACTED - for public use] {08-06-15/Day 3}

there's a "Table 1". And, just above Table -- well, in

1 Table 1, the third column, the second column of numbers,

- 2 it says "Proposed 2017-2018", that should be "2018-2019".
- 3 And, just above that, the last sentence of the paragraph
- 4 above refers to "2017-2018", it should be "2018-2019". It
- 5 doesn't change any substance. It's more a labeling issue.
- 6 BY MR. KANOFF:
- 7 Q. If we were to ask you the questions in your testimony
- 8 today as filed, would your answers be the same?
- 9 A. Yes, they would be.
- 10 Q. Did you also participate in -- and who are you
- 11 testifying on behalf of today?
- 12 A. I am testifying on behalf of the Pipe Line Awareness
- 13 Network for the Northeast, Inc.
- 14 Q. And, did you, as part of your testimony, participate in
- assisting PLAN in discovery?
- 16 A. Yes, I did.
- 17 Q. And in responding to discovery?
- 18 A. Yes, I did.
- 19 Q. And, did you participate in technical conferences?
- 20 A. Yes, I did.
- 21 Q. Is there any other activities that you presented --
- 22 that you participated in?
- 23 A. Other than participating in this hearing, that's it.
- 24 Q. And, have you had an opportunity to review the terms of

[WITNESS: Rosenkranz]

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the Settlement Agreement between Commission Staff and
the Company?
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- A. Yes, I did.
- Q. In discussions of the Settlement Agreement on Day 1,
 there was some discussion, if you may recall, between
 Ms. Knowlton and Mr. DaFonte, with respect to Dracut as
- 7 being "illiquid". Do you remember that?
- 8 A. Yes.

3

- 9 Q. And, I believe that Mr. DaFonte indicated that "Dracut had a lack of supply and suppliers". Do you recollect that as well?
- 12 A. Yes. I know that that's been an issue.
- Q. And, specifically, Mr. DaFonte said that "Dracut was illiquid", that was his conclusion?
- 15 A. I believe that's what he said, yes.
- Q. And, there was also, as part of that, discussions about

 "declining supplies", specifically "off of Atlantic

 Canada, Sable Island, Deep Panuke". And, that

 volumes -- and "those sources may be reduced". Do you
- 20 recollect that?
- 21 A. Yes.
- Q. And, he also mentioned supply from "Portland Natural
 Gas Transmission System" and the availability of "LNG",
 correct?

[WITNESS: Rosenkranz]

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1 A. I believe he did include those as other sources of gas
2 at Dracut, yes.
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Q. And, is it also part of his testimony that "the lack of liquidity at Dracut accounts for price spikes"? Do you recollect that?

6 MS. PATTERSON: I'm going to object at 7 this point. Only because it was my understanding that the 8 testimony of these witnesses would consist of a brief 9 introduction of their points in testimony, and then a 10 response to the Settlement Agreement. And, I don't, while I could see that there could be a relation of these 11 12 questions to the Settlement Agreement, I don't think 13 there's been a foundation laid by the -- by the 14 questioner.

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: That's overruled.

Go ahead.

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17 WITNESS ROSENKRANZ: I'm sorry. Could

you repeat the question?

MR. KANOFF: Sure.

20 BY MR. KANOFF:

- Q. I was just asking about whether the lack of liquidity
 at Dracut would account for, in Mr. DaFonte's
- testimony, "price spikes"?
- 24 A. My understanding of Mr. DaFonte's testimony in this

1 case is that there are price spikes generally in the New England market. Dracut is one of those points. 2 3 But he does point out the fact that the overall Tennessee 200 line index, which is a broader index 4 capturing more of the New England market, is a fair 5 6 proxy for the pricing at Dracut. So, I think that his 7 point is certainly well taken that there's been a great deal of price volatility in New England the last 8 several winters. How much of that is related to 9 10 specifically Dracut and other things, I think is a 11 matter of -- I'm not sure it's directly tied to Dracut. 12 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: So, Ms. Patterson,

he just buttressed Mr. DaFonte's testimony. Mr. Kanoff,

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where are you going with this?

BY MR. KANOFF:

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- Q. Last is, to bring it home, do you agree with

 Mr. DaFonte about "illiquidity at Dracut" and "a lack

 of supply and suppliers"?
- A. No. I think we've got a different view on Dracut, that Dracut point. As I said, I think that, as opposed to focusing on Dracut, it's more the New England market has been the concern. The Dracut point itself, there's been a change of the supplies, supply and suppliers coming into that market. But, as I point out in my

[WITNESS: Rosenkranz]

testimony, the market has been developing new supplies, in terms of additional gas coming in through the PNGTS system, the PNGTS system, in addition to the C2C expansion that's been announced, has also made clear that they're available to expand by several hundred thousand a day, dekatherms a day, in future years, beginning as early as 2018. And, I believe that going forward the LNG supply from the Canaport facility will continue to be there.

I think that the issue with supply at Dracut, in particular, and New England more generally, is largely an issue of price, as opposed to the supply just won't be there.

- Q. Do you recollect a discussion between Ms. Knowlton and Mr. DaFonte with respect to the Concord Lateral?
- A. Yes. There's been discussion on terms of the pricing of incremental capacity on the Concord Lateral, yes.
- Q. And, do you recollect the discussion in the confidential session with respect to changes in the initial cost estimate?
- 21 A. Yes.

- Q. Without restating what those numbers are, can you give us an opinion about the Company's new estimates?
- 24 A. I know that -- yes, I can give you my opinion, based on

[WITNESS: Rosenkranz]

my experience dealing with pipeline expansion projects, as a -- procuring gas supply for large generators, and working with pipelines on coming up with estimates for connecting and getting firm transportation. These are numbers that very much depend, particularly at the very early planning stages, their estimates depend very much on the quantity involved, exactly where the gas is coming from and exactly where the gas is going to.

So, in this case, there has been put on the record confidentially an estimate that the Company has received from Tennessee Gas Pipeline of an expansion cost that they used in their — that they used that number in their analysis. There was some questions about that cost, and we determined that that is a cost for, I believe I can say, 65,000 a day of expansion, which is a large — relatively large expansion, but also to a specific point, it was just to the Nashua meter.

The Company then, very late in the game, came up with a -- or, provided another estimate. In my mind, that's not an update to their previous estimate, it's a different estimate. It's based on the 65,000, but going to a different set of points. And, at this point, we don't know exactly what the assumptions are

WITNESS: Rosenkranz]

1 behind those numbers. My point here is that the Concord 2 3 Lateral expansion is a cost that you assume going forward is an important part of any economic analysis 4 5 you're doing for the alternatives to NED. But we don't have in front of us a full, I would say, a reasonable 6 7 range of estimates for different projects, particularly for the different sizes, for the parties that are 8 9 recommending that the number be less than 65, 65,000. 10 So, I think that needs to be kept in mind. 11 Would it have been helpful for EnergyNorth to request Q. 12 and provide a cost estimate then for a more reasonably 13 sized expansion, such as 25,000 to 35,000 Dekatherms a 14 day? 15 Α. Well, it certainly would have been helpful, I think, to 16 the Commissioners, to understand what those numbers 17 mean and what the range of costs could be going 18

forward.

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And, just -- I have two more areas very briefly. Q. you recall discussions between Ms. Knowlton and Mr. DaFonte with respect to corrections to Table 8 of Mr. DaFonte's testimony that would have been corrected version 53 -- corrected Exhibit, I'm sorry, 53? MS. PATTERSON: May I --

1 MR. KANOFF: Yes. MS. PATTERSON: May I just interject? 2 3 Excuse me please. And offer an objection for you to rule as you wish. Which is that this whole testimony is 4 5 sounding to mean like rebuttal of this witness, because 6 he's responding to testimony from today's hearing. And, 7 I'm just looking for clarification as to whether or not 8 there will be an opportunity to offer surrebuttal to that witness's testimony? 9 10 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Well, I think 11 you've got the procedural posture we're in a little 12 backwards. Rebuttal testimony would be coming from the 13 parties sponsoring the Settlement. This is testimony of 14 those who are opposed to it. And, it seems perfectly 15 reasonable to me to have the witness respond to the points 16 that were made in favor of the Settlement, that are beyond what is in his prefiled testimony. Am I missing 17 18 something? 19 (No verbal response) 20 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: I don't think so. 21 All right. So, I will overrule the objection that was 22 offered. 23 MS. PATTERSON: Thank you.

{DG 14-380} [REDACTED - for public use] {08-06-15/Day 3}

24

BY MR. KANOFF:

- 1 Q. Do you recollect that discussion?
- 2 A. Yes.
- Q. And, as part of that discussion, Mr. DaFonte corrected that exhibit, which would be Table 8 to his rebuttal, as corrected in Exhibit for identification 53, is that correct?
- 7 A. Yes.

- Q. And, what does Table 8, in Mr. DaFonte's testimony marked as "Exhibit 9" for identification show?
- A. My understanding of Table 8 is that it's responsive to the testimony that I filed, with regard to the 50,000 a day recommendation to the recommendation of the Company to take 50,000 a day of capacity that's now from Dracut and move that receipt point to Wright. The question the analysis I did showed that, based on forward—looking prices, and, actually, prices taken from the record provided by the Company, that that didn't save costs for ratepayers. It actually increased costs.

This table takes -- does a similar analysis, uses historical numbers from the last -- just the last two winters, and calculates what would the price at Wright, New York had to have been, if the price at Wright, New York had been below the

WITNESS:

1 breakeven number, then you would have saved money by buying gas at Wright, instead of buying gas at Dracut. 2 3 So, that's -- instead of calculating a difference in 4 cost, he went through and calculated a breakeven 5 number.

Rosenkranzl

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And, do you have an opinion on the exhibit and Q. Mr. DaFonte's corrections?

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My opinion on his table is that it doesn't rebut my Α. testimony. He's using different numbers from a different time period. And, particularly, in the Winter of 2014/2015, he calculates a breakeven number. It's -- I guess it's public now, it's \$8.08. But he doesn't then say, during this past winter, what was the price at Wright. Was it actually below \$8.08 or was it above \$8.08?

We did ask for him to provide some historical daily numbers for Wright, New York. As it's already been discussed in this case, Wright, New York is not a liquid point right now, in terms of having a published price index. But I think there's been agreement that the Waddington point on Iroquois, which is just north of there, is a liquid point, it's the Canadian border import point. There is trading, quite a bit of trading there. So, there is a daily price

[WITNESS: Rosenkranz]

1 index.

Right now, Wright trades above that, because gas is flowing from Waddington to Wright. So, there's a small premium. But I think it's reasonable that that would be a proxy for this type of analysis.

The daily Waddington price, during the months of January and February, when most of this gas was being purchased at Dracut, my calculation is that that price was \$8.76. So, based on his own analysis, it's not exactly -- he didn't provide exactly the number that you would want, which was, if you took all the days he bought at Dracut, and looked at the price at Wright, or Waddington as the proxy, and came up with an average, what would that average be?

I don't have the numbers in terms of which days, which qualities were purchased. But we do know from other sources that it was primarily taken in those coldest January and February days.

Mr. DaFonte didn't provide the analysis.

And, when I tried to do the analysis, it looks like
it's actually proving my point, which is that it's
likely that that's going to be an increase in cost, not
a decrease in cost.

Q. And, you testified that you reviewed the Settlement, is

[WITNESS: Rosenkranz]

1 that right?

2 A. Yes.

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- 3 Q. And, what's your opinion on the Settlement?
- My opinion of the Settlement, it doesn't address the 4 Α. 5 concerns that were expressed in my testimony, which is that the -- any number of 100,000 Dekatherms a day or 6 7 115,000 Dekatherms a day is not in the public interest, because it is, you know, for one -- the one reason 8 9 includes the 50,000 that's not new supply, it's just 10 this conversion of an existing contract. That 11 doesn't -- that doesn't appear, even in the near-term, 12 but particularly in the long-term, that that's going to 13 save money, if you factor in the supplies that are 14 going to be new supplies that are going to be coming 15 into New England, and the fact that there's likely to 16 be, when new pipeline capacity is built, a narrowing of 17 that price differential between Wright, New York and 18 eastern Massachusetts or Dracut, Massachusetts.

And, then, the other issue is that it also includes a higher growth number than you need to meet the expected growth in demand over the next ten years or so.

Q. Is there any other points that you wish to discuss about the Settlement?

A. I would just say that the terms of the Settlement appear to be a little bit more ambiguous than I probably would have wanted to see, if I had been involved in the drafting. In particular, on Page 3, when talking about the amount of capacity for this threshold of whether you stay at the 115 or go to the 100,000, it refers to "design day capacity", doesn't say "design day capacity in which year". I'm presuming that, since it's measured as of April 2017, it's referring to design day capacity of -- estimated for the next year 2017/2018, but that's not clear from the wording.

And, particularly with respect to the iNATGAS firm sales, which is probably going to be the bigger — one of the bigger, if not the biggest, piece of that sum that's going to be calculated. It refers to the "design day capacity", again, not knowing which year, but for "iNATGAS firm sales". Well, iNATGAS is not going to be a sales customer — is not required to be a sales customer for more than one year. So, by the 2017, it could be a transportation customer. It doesn't say how you deal with the iNATGAS load in that case.

MR. KANOFF: Mr. Rosenkranz is available

1 for cross-examination.

2 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Ms. Chamberlin, do

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3 you have any questions for Mr. Rosenkranz?

4 MS. CHAMBERLIN: I have a few. Thank

5 you.

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CROSS-EXAMINATION

BY MS. CHAMBERLIN:

- Q. In your opinion, what is an appropriate planning horizon for pipeline capacity acquisitions?
- 10 I'm going to answer this carefully, because I think 11 there's been some different use of the word "planning 12 horizon" in some of the discovery that's gone back and 13 forth. But, if the question -- the way I understand 14 the question is, is it reasonable, when making a 15 decision about a long-term contract today, to look at 16 what the expected requirement is going to be twenty 17 years from the start of that contract? Which is, you 18 know, again now this actually is 24 years out. There 19 is so much uncertainty in terms of what requirements 20 are going to be that far in the future, and the fact 21 that you -- it does involve a serious amount of overcontracting in the near-term, I don't think that 22 23 that's justified. I think that something like a 24 10-year horizon from today to get the amount of growth

[WITNESS: Rosenkranz]

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          that you should contract for today is reasonable.
                         I believe that's both on the basis of
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 3
          the uncertainty in terms of your growth forecast, but
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          also I do feel that there will be opportunities to
 5
          contract for additional capacity, if it's determined to
 6
          be needed, to have it there in time for the possibility
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          that ten years from now you will need more capacity.
          Are you familiar with petitions filed by members of the
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     Q.
 9
          LDC in Massachusetts for NED Pipeline capacity?
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          Yes, I did review those.
11
          And, --
     0.
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                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: And filed prefiled
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       testimony about it. Are you going to ask to go something
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       beyond what's in the prefiled testimony?
15
                         MS. CHAMBERLIN:
                                          I'm going to ask him
16
       what the planning horizons are for those --
17
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: And, I assume he's
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       going to testify consistently with how he testified on
19
       Page 20 of his prefiled testimony. Is that a fair guess,
20
       Mr. Rosenkranz?
21
                         WITNESS ROSENKRANZ:
                                              That is a very fair
22
       quess.
23
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG:
                                              Okay.
24
     BY MS. CHAMBERLIN:
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Q. So, refresh my recollection, what are the planning horizons?

- A. Again, working -- I'm getting leery of the word

 "planning horizon", but my reading of those filings was

 that they looked at their requirement ten years out, in

 terms of determining what's a reasonable quantity to

 contract for in for growth.
- 8 Q. And, that's for Boston Gas?
- 9 A. The National Grid, Columbia of Massachusetts, and
 10 Berkshire Gas all had similar.
- 11 Q. All three had similar --
- 12 A. Similar ten-year look-aheads, in terms of deciding what to contract for on the NED system.
- MS. CHAMBERLIN: Thank you.
- 15 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Ms. Patterson.
- MS. PATTERSON: I have no questions.
- 17 Thank you.
- 18 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Ms. Knowlton.
- 19 BY MS. KNOWLTON:
- Q. Mr. Rosenkranz, can you tell me how much capacity is being built to Wright?
- A. In terms of "being built", I would say that the

 Constitution Pipeline, which I understand to be 600,000

 a day, is approved by the Federal Energy Regulatory

[WITNESS: Rosenkranz]

- Commission, but has not yet started construction. So,

 I'm aware of that project.
- Q. Would you take subject to check that it's 650,000, as opposed to 600?
- 5 A. Yes, I will take that.
- Q. And, are there any other pipelines that are being proposed to Wright?
- 8 A. Correct. There are other pipelines being proposed to
 9 Wright, including the Supply Path portion of the
 10 Northeast Energy Direct project.
- 11 Q. Do you know how much capacity that represents?
- 12 A. That's a number I don't have at my fingertips.
- Q. Would you take subject to check that it's between 600 and a million Dekatherms?
- 15 A. In terms of numbers that have been proposed by

 16 Tennessee Gas Pipeline, I will accept that they have

 17 been discussing those types of numbers.
- 18 Q. Do you know how much capacity is being built to Dracut?
- 19 A. I believe that there is a substantial amount of
 20 capacity to Dracut right now, and that there are
 21 projects in the works that would increase the capacity
 22 from different sources to fill that capacity.
- Q. Do you have any sense or just rough estimate of what that amount of capacity is?

[WITNESS: Rosenkranz]

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    Α.
          As I referenced, I know, from reviewing the cases in
          Massachusetts, that the PNGTS, or Portland Natural Gas
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 3
          Transmission System, has said that they are able to add
          several hundred thousand a day of capacity beginning as
 4
 5
          soon as 2018. I also know that the Atlantic Bridge
 6
          project will affect the supply that's available on the
 7
          joint facilities pipeline that terminates in Beverly,
          Massachusetts and Dracut, to allow gas to flow from the
 8
 9
          Algonquin system, through Boston Harbor, through
10
          Beverly, and would become physically -- supply
11
          physically available at Dracut.
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- Q. You testified about your opinion about the availability of gas from Canadian sources, such as Deep Panuke and Sable Island, is that correct?
- 15 A. Yes. That's included in my testimony.

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13

- Q. And, you, I think in your testimony, your live
 testimony here, you indicated that you felt that it was
 more an issue of the price, not the availability of
 that gas, is that right?
- 20 A. I wasn't referring specifically to the Deep Panuke or 21 Sable Island production.
- 22 Q. What production were you referring to?
- 23 A. I was referring to the aggregate supply from all the 24 different sources that would be available in the

WITNESS: Rosenkranz] 1 eastern Massachusetts market, including the one at 2 Dracut. 3 But that would include supply from Canada? Q. 4 Yes. Α. 5 Q. Okay. 6 From a few different sources. Α. 7 MS. KNOWLTON: I'd like to propose to 8 mark for identification as "Exhibit 56" an article 9 regarding the availability of production of gas from 10 Canada. 11 (Atty. Knowlton distributing documents.) 12 (The document, as described, was herewith marked as **Exhibit 56** for 13 14 identification.) 15 BY CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: 16 Q. Mr. Rosenkranz, do you have that before you? 17 Α. Yes, I do. 18 Would you read the highlighted text please. 19 This references the Deep Panuke project. So, the Α. 20 highlighted text: "The Deep Panuke project in Nova 21 Scotia's offshore is now expected to produce roughly --22 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Slow down. 23 down, so Mr. Patnaude can get it.

24

CONTINUED BY THE WITNESS:

[WITNESS: Rosenkranz]

A. -- is now expected to produce roughly 50 percent less natural gas than forecast because of water problems" -- excuse me -- "because of its water problems. Encana Corp., the gas field's Calgary-based owner, said Wednesday it has slashed the field's reserve estimate by about 200 billion cubic feet."

Then, there's a marked part later, further down: "Averill", A-v-e-r-i-l-l, "said the company can't predict how long Deep Panuke will operate because the timeline depends on such factors as well and reservoir performance and how production is managed."

"Despite the water issue, Deep Panuke is producing at its target level of 180 to 200 million cubic feet per day so far this year, he said. Deep Panuke was originally expected to flow 300 million cubic feet per day. Meanwhile, word that Deep Panuke likely won't operate for as long as expected was a surprise to the province and energy industry." That's --

BY MS. KNOWLTON:

- Q. If you flip it over, I think there's a little bit more, if you don't mind.
- A. Oh. Sorry. "A Halifax natural gas consultant and

broker said it sounds like the field could run out some time in 2016 after three years of production."

Q. Sorry.

3

- A. One more. "Deep Panuke is one of two producing

 fields" -- "gas fields off the province's coast. The

 other is Sable, where output has been dwindling for

 years. An industry think-tank, the Atlantica Center

 for Energy in Saint John has predicted that Sable will

 run out of gas by 2017."
- Q. Based on what you read, is it possible that this decline in supplies, could it affect the price in Dracut?
- 13 The price in Dracut and the price in New England 14 generally will be lower without those supplies, than it 15 would be if they had those supplies, presumably. 16 That's a short-term impact. Again, if the reduction in 17 supply from those sources spurs development of 18 additional pipeline capacity from central Canada or the 19 TransCanada system, through the PNGTS system, that 20 supply will be replaced and there may be little or no 21 price impact, in the longer term.
- 22 Q. You said "lower", did you mean "higher"?
- 23 A. Did I say that --

24 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Why don't we start

[WITNESS: Rosenkranz]

1 again.

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BY THE WITNESS:

- 3 Α. I think I'm going to have to. I thank you for the opportunity. What I meant to say was that, if the 4 5 production is lower from Deep Panuke, the prices will be higher -- is that where I tripped up? -- in the 6 7 marketplace than if the supply was not removed. I then 8 went on to observe that the market is likely to respond to that change in supply. And, I pointed out that 9 10 there are other -- there are projects in the works to 11 increase capacity to replace that from other -- from 12 other sources.
- 13 BY MS. KNOWLTON:
- Q. You indicated that you're here testifying today on behalf of PLAN, is that right?
- 16 A. Yes.
- 17 Q. And, PLAN is a Massachusetts corporation?
- 18 A. I will take that.
- Q. Okay. And, would you accept, subject to check, that it has officers and directors?
- 21 A. I will take that subject to check, sure.
- 22 Q. Okay. Do you know who they are?
- 23 A. No, I do not.
- 24 (Atty. Knowlton distributing documents.)

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1
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: This is going to be
       "Exhibit 57".
 2
                         (The document, as described, was
 3
                         herewith marked as Exhibit 57 for
 4
 5
                         identification.)
    BY MS. KNOWLTON:
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 7
          Mr. Rosenkranz, if you would take a look at this
          document, which is from the New Hampshire Secretary of
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 9
          State's Office. And, I'll represent to you that this
10
          is Pipe Line Awareness Network for the Northeast,
11
          Inc.'s Application to Register as a Foreign Nonprofit
12
          Corporation here in New Hampshire. If you would --
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                         MS. KNOWLTON: Whoops. Just noticing
14
       that my copies here didn't copy double-sided.
15
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: I see the same
16
       thing.
17
                         MS. KNOWLTON: Yes.
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                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Do you have a full
19
       copy of --
                         MS. KNOWLTON: I do. Somebody here has
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       a full copy, I apologize.
21
22
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Off the record.
23
                         (Brief off-the-record discussion
24
                         ensued.)
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WITNESS: Rosenkranz]
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                         (Short pause to make copies of
                         Exhibit 57 and distribute copies.)
 2
    BY MS. KNOWLTON:
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          Mr. Rosenkranz, do you have before you the second page
 4
 5
          of the exhibit?
          Yes, I do.
 6
    Α.
 7
          And, do you see the names listed of the officers and
     Ο.
 8
          directors of PLAN?
 9
          Yes, I do.
10
          And, are there any from the State of New Hampshire?
11
                         MR. KANOFF: I object to this line of
12
       testimony. And, it's on the basis of relevance. And,
13
       also just to note that Mr. Rosenkranz is a witness here,
14
       not the organization.
15
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Ms. Knowlton.
16
                         MS. KNOWLTON: Mr. Rosenkranz is here
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       speaking for the organization. And, I can pretty quickly
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       get to my questions about the organization's position,
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       which is what he's here representing. And, this is
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       foundational to that. So, I believe that the line of
21
       inquiry is appropriate.
22
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Go ahead. You may
23
       proceed.
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{DG 14-380} [REDACTED - for public use] {08-06-15/Day 3}

MS. KNOWLTON:

Thank you.

[WITNESS: Rosenkranz]

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1 BY MS. KNOWLTON:
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- 2 Q. So, Mr. Rosenkranz, are there any officers or directors
- 3 that reside in New Hampshire, based on this document?
- 4 A. Based on this document, I see one director with a
- 5 "Hollis, New Hampshire" address.
- 6 Q. And, that's Mr. Moloney?
- 7 A. Yes. That's the one I see.
- 8 Q. Would you -- do you know whether Mr. Moloney is a
- 9 customer of the Company?
- 10 A. I don't have that information.
- 11 Q. Would you accept subject to check that the Company
- doesn't serve the street in Hollis on which Mr. Moloney
- 13 resides?
- MR. KANOFF: Continued objection.
- 15 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Understood. You're
- 16 preserved as to this line of questions.
- MR. KANOFF: Thank you.
- 18 BY CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG:
- 19 Q. Have you met or spoke with any members of PLAN in New
- 20 Hampshire about this docket?
- 21 A. Have I spoken with any --
- 22 Q. Members of PLAN.
- 23 A. -- of PLAN?
- 24 Q. New Hampshire members of PLAN --

[WITNESS: Rosenkranz]

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1 A. Oh. Okay.
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- 2 Q. -- about this docket that you're here testifying about
- 3 today?
- 4 A. No. I have spoken to one of the members of PLAN here
- 5 in New Hampshire about this docket, but that was
- 6 Mr. Hartlage, who is here attending.
- 7 Q. Okay.
- 8 A. So, I answered a different question. I apologize.
- 9 Q. So, he's a member of PLAN, a New Hampshire member of
- 10 PLAN? No?
- 11 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: No. What he said
- is he spoke to a Mass. --
- 13 **BY THE WITNESS:**
- 14 A. No. I --
- 15 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: -- the full answer
- 16 to the question that you didn't ask that he gave was he
- "spoke to one Massachusetts member of PLAN" --
- MS. KNOWLTON: Okay.
- 19 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: -- "while he's been
- 20 here in New Hampshire."
- MS. KNOWLTON: All right.
- 22 WITNESS ROSENKRANZ: I answered the
- 23 question as I first heard it.
- MS. KNOWLTON: Okay.

1 WITNESS ROSENKRANZ: And, it was

2 unnecessary.

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BY MS. KNOWLTON:

- Q. So, how did you -- how did you ascertain what PLAN's position would be in this docket, if you have never spoken to any of their New Hampshire members?
- A. I was retained by the attorney representing PLAN, and was made very clear what the ground rules for PLAN's participation and what my role would be, based on the decision that was made by the Commission that limited their participation to the interest of EnergyNorth customers with respect to the prudence, justness, and reasonableness of the Precedent Agreement and its associated costs.
- Q. You haven't spoken to any of those customers, have you?
- A. I spoke -- I was retained, as I said, through their attorney. And, that was the basis on which I was retained and that was the basis under which I did the work.
- Q. But PLAN's position is that the NED project should not be built, correct?

MR. KANOFF: Objection.

23 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Grounds?

MR. KANOFF: Again, the witness has

WITNESS: Rosenkranz]

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       testified as to the basis for his testimony here.
                                                          PLAN's
 2
       position, for or against, is not relevant to that
 3
       testimony.
 4
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: I think, if he
 5
       knows the answer to the question, he can answer it.
    BY THE WITNESS:
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 7
          My understanding is that the members of PLAN are not in
          favor of the construction of the NED project. My
 8
 9
          engagement was based on the fact that I would be
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          looking at the economics of the project. And, the
          conclusion that I reached had to do with the
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          requirements and relative costs of the alternatives
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          available to the Company. I did not say, one way or
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          the other, in my testimony that -- or, put it this way,
          I did not say that "the NED project was not a potential
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16
          option for the Company." My testimony is that it
17
          was -- it's at anything close to the level that they
18
          propose and contained in the Precedent Agreement is not
19
          in the public interest.
20
                         (Atty. Knowlton distributing documents.)
21
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CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: This is going to be

22 "Exhibit 58".

23

24

(The document, as described, was herewith marked as **Exhibit 58** for

WITNESS: Rosenkranz] 1 identification.) BY MS. KNOWLTON: 2 3 Mr. Rosenkranz, I've given you what's been marked for Q. identification as "Exhibit 58", which I'll represent to 4 5 you is a printout as of July 22nd 2,015 from PLAN's New 6 Hampshire website. 7 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: And, it appears to be every other page. 8 MS. KNOWLTON: Are you kidding? 9 10 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Off the record. 11 (Brief off-the-record discussion 12 ensued.) 13 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: We're going to go 14 back on the record. So, Exhibit 58 is just going to be 15 Page 1 of what was handed out a minute ago. And, off the 16 record. 17 (Brief off-the-record discussion 18 ensued.) 19 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Go ahead, 20 Ms. Knowlton. 21 BY MS. KNOWLTON: 22 Mr. Rosenkranz, if you can look to about the middle of 23 the page, there's a paragraph that reads

{DG 14-380} [REDACTED - for public use] {08-06-15/Day 3}

"NHPipelineAwareness.org strongly opposes construction

[WITNESS: Rosenkranz]

```
1
          of the Northeast Energy Direct natural gas pipeline
 2
          (NED) that Kinder Morgan/Tennessee Gas Pipeline seeks
 3
          to build in New England, New York, and Pennsylvania."
          Do you see that?
 4
 5
     Α.
          Yes.
          Based on that position, is there any basis whatsoever
 6
     Q.
 7
          that PLAN would have done anything other than object to
          the Precedent Agreement that is before the Commission?
 8
 9
                         MR. KANOFF: I object to the question.
10
       There's been no foundation laid that the New Hampshire
11
       PipelineAwareness.org organization is related in any way
12
       other than a website reference to the Pipeline Awareness
13
       Network for the Northeast. And, he's being asked to
14
       testify based upon a publication from another
15
       organization. And, I don't believe that that's relevant?
16
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Let's me see if I
17
       can shortcut this. Mr. Kanoff, is there any dispute that
18
       the organization you represent and that Mr. Rosenkranz is
19
       testifying on behalf of is opposed to the building of the
20
       pipeline? Is there any dispute about that?
21
                         MR. KANOFF: There's no doubt about it.
22
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: And, you'd
23
       stipulate to that, correct?
24
                                      I would stipulate to that.
                         MR. KANOFF:
```

WITNESS: Rosenkranzl 1 But that's not to say, just to be clear, that's not to say 2 that there are other alternatives that they would support. 3 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: No, I understand. I get that. But that's not the point she wants to make. 4 5 She's -- we all know where she's going with this. And, I 6 think the witness understands it as well. But there's 7 really -- I mean, it's not a secret. PLAN, the organization you represent, is opposed to the pipeline. 8 9 We understand that up here. I think Ms. Knowlton 10 understands it. I think everybody understands it. 11 So, I don't think -- I mean, what else 12 do you need to do with that, Ms. Knowlton? 13 BY MS. KNOWLTON: 14 I could just rephrase it, and say, based on your 15 understanding that PLAN opposes the construction of the 16 NED, is there any basis upon which PLAN would have done 17 anything other than object to the Precedent Agreement 18 that is before the Commission? 19 Α. My opinion is based on my analysis. I was not given 20 direction, in terms of what position I should take on 21

- the Precedent Agreement.
- Okay. And, you -- it sounds to me, based on your Q. testimony, that you do have some knowledge of other natural gas pipelines?

22

23

[WITNESS: Rosenkranz]

- 1 A. Yes.
- 2 Q. Are you familiar with Granite State Gas Transmission
- 3 Pipeline?
- 4 A. Very much so, yes.
- Q. Do you know who owns Granite State Gas Transmission
 Pipeline?
- 7 A. Granite State Gas Transmission is owned by Unitil 8 Corporation.
- 9 Q. And, does Unitil Corporation have a subsidiary that is a local distribution company?
- 11 A. Yes. They operate Northern Utilities in New Hampshire 12 and Maine, and they also have Fitchburg Gas & Electric.
- Q. And, does Northern Utilities purchase capacity on that pipeline?
- 15 A. Northern Utilities holds capacity on the Granite State
 16 Pipeline, yes.
- Q. Do you know what percentage of capacity Northern takes off Granite State Gas Transmission?
- A. The question is, "of the capacity of the Granite State

 Gas Transmission Pipeline, what percentage is held by

 Northern Utilities?"
- 22 Q. Correct.
- 23 A. I would say it's approximately 80 percent.
- MS. KNOWLTON: I have nothing further

WITNESS: Rosenkranz] for the witness. 1 2 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Commissioner Scott. 3 COMMISSIONER SCOTT: Thank you. Good 4 afternoon. 5 BY COMMISSIONER SCOTT: Earlier discussions, we, collectively "we", I guess, 6 Q. 7 have talked about the liquidity in the future at Wright. And, the first day, you may remember from the 8 first day of our hearing, I inquired regarding the 9 10 Precedent Agreement, had some language about 11 "triggers", which would -- I assume, were to ensure 12 liquidity. Are you familiar with what I'm referring 13 to? 14 I know that there's something in the Precedent Yes. 15 Agreement that refers to the availability of new 16 pipeline capacity into the Wright, New York point. 17 I was curious your opinion on that, is the figures in Q. 18 that Precedent Agreement, those triggers, are those 19

sufficient, in your opinion, to prompt liquidity, if you will, compared to where Wright is now?

20

21

22

23

24

"Liquidity" is a slippery word, and I'm struggling with that, and partly is that you don't -- you're not illiquid and perfectly liquid, it's a range. So, I will agree that it's important that there -- if you're

using that point as a receipt point for firm capacity, that you have some way of getting gas to Wright, New York, because there is not a lot of — there's no gas producers right at Wright. And, there's limited pipeline capacity right now into that market. And, most of that pipeline capacity is already going to markets in Long Island and New York City and Connecticut.

So, you know, I think there's a difference of opinion. And, as I've said, I reviewed the filings of the New York -- of the Massachusetts companies that have committed to NED capacity. There are some that's saying "we're going to contract from Wright". There's some that are saying "even with the pipeline capacity that's available, we feel it's necessary to contract on either Constitution or on the Supply portion, to go back further from Wright, because we're not confident we'll have enough supply."

So, I think that the takeaway or the conclusion I've come to with respect to Wright is, it's not known. It's uncertain. You're taking some sort of risk that, if you're just on the Market Path capacity here, that, I mean, there have been some assumptions made in terms of what the price of gas at Wright is

Α.

Certainly.

going to be relative to the Marcellus, which is based on -- definitely will require some amount of new capacity. I don't know how much new capacity and when it will be required to make those numbers correct, or make that a reasonable forecast. That's why I think it would be important to look at a range of different forecasts for that, for Wright, or to factor in that you really can't approve the Market Path until you know how the gas is going to get there.

So, yes, I am concerned for a number of reasons with liquidity at Wright, and don't have a strong -- don't have a firm answer for you, other than I'm worried about it.

- Q. Thank you. So, I'll go to a -- with that, and that's a fair assessment, I think. Earlier, I asked the OCA's witness about opportunities in the future, if there's a smaller increment to be purchased on the gas system now for transportation, based on a 10-year horizon, but the Company sees, in 20 years, will have a further need. And, I think you answered, for somebody else, you answered my question earlier, that you felt comfortable that there would be a potential to purchase more capacity. Can you elaborate on that?
 - {DG 14-380} [REDACTED for public use] {08-06-15/Day 3}

We don't know what's going to happen with

the NED project. And, there's still some uncertainty about whether that's going to be built. So, that's one point of uncertainty. There is clearly a demand for more natural gas into New England, and largely because of what's going on with the offshore Nova Scotia production, a demand to take gas through New England and get into the Maritimes provinces.

So, there appears to be good reason for pipelines that are in the business of providing capacity to markets that need new gas supplies to be --continue for the next several years to be coming up with opportunities to contract for capacity, and that would be through the incremental expansions of the Algonquin and Maritimes systems, something like the Atlantic Bridge project, which has been mentioned is going forward. There's a follow-up Access Northeast project that is offering additional capacity. And, this is one of a number of different -- a series of incremental expansions on the Algonquin system. I think we'll now see some expansion on the PNGTS system, because you can access Marcellus gas through that route.

So, I see pipeline alternatives. Also, in the case of an LDC, you're also going to look at

[WITNESS: Rosenkranz]

```
1
          "are there on-system alternatives, upgrading
          LNG/peaking facilities on-site?" So, there's that
 2
 3
          part.
 4
                         Now, recognizing the position of my
 5
          client, if the NED project goes forward, you're in a
          situation where you clearly have a pipeline that would
 6
 7
          be into expansion economics mode, where it's being
          constructed with relatively little compression.
 8
 9
          There's a term in the gas industry about "cheap
10
          expansibility". Of, once you build a pipeline, you
11
          then have a period of time when it's actually fairly
12
          inexpensive to add compression to an existing pipeline
13
          to get a good amount of capacity. So, that would be
14
          another outcome, if EnergyNorth contracted for a
15
          smaller amount there. I believe there are other
16
          projects that are available. And, certainly, if the
17
          NED project is built, there would be capacity available
18
          through expansions on that pipeline.
19
                         COMMISSIONER SCOTT: Thank you.
20
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Commissioner
21
       Bailey.
22
     BY COMMISSIONER BAILEY:
23
          Can you explain to me of the basis for your statement
24
          about that you "expect a narrowing of the price
```

	difference between Dracut and Wright"? Is that just
	because people are going to have more supply in there?
Α.	It's because right now you have a pipeline bottleneck
	situation, essentially along the New York, eastern New
	York border. What's happened over the last 15 years is
	New England has grown its demand for pipeline, for gas,
	and that's been served primarily from the east. It's
	from you have the Sable Island production, you then
	had the LNG development. You had the PNGTS system
	built to bring gas in. You had expansion of, going
	back 20 years, expansion of the Distrigas facility.
	You had the new offshore receiving terminals built.
	So, there was a lot of gas that was coming from that
	side.
	There's now been pressure to bring gas
	from the west. And, there's just not there hasn't
	heen nineline canacity built from west to east So

There's now been pressure to bring gas from the west. And, there's just not — there hasn't been pipeline capacity built from west to east. So, there's no opportunity to arbitrage those two markets during the winter. The capacity is just not there. And, there are a number of projects in the works. Unfortunately, it's taken awhile for them to come on line. But the expectation would be, once you've got things like the AIM project that's coming on line in 2016, you've got the Spectra/Atlantic Bridge, and

potentially something from Tennessee coming on later, that that will narrow -- that will eliminate that bottleneck. So, you'll have something that looks more like the historical relationship between the New York/New Jersey market and New England market, where gas is flowing west to east, but it's reflecting more variable cost differences and, you know, not the fact that you just have a bottleneck that's keeping gas from flowing as it wants to flow.

Q. So, if NED is built, wouldn't that have the same effect?

A. If NED was built, that would -- that would certainly add on to that effect in a big way. And, I believe that that's part of their marketing materials, is that it's going to bring down the gas in New England. So, to me, it seems inconsistent to see those projects happening, which are due to very obvious market forces but then assume that over the next 25 years you're going to have an \$8.00 difference in price between those two markets every winter for, you know, over the planning -- over the planning horizon, which is what the economic analysis that EnergyNorth has done has embedded in their numbers.

COMMISSIONER BAILEY: Okay. Thank you.

[WITNESS: Rosenkranz]

BY CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG:

1

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3

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17

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23

- Q. Mr. Rosenkranz, you read the testimony from

 Dr. Chattopadhyay and heard him testify this morning.

 Do you have any comments or opinions on his testimony?
- 5 I thought that his approach of looking at different 6 volumes of capacity was a good way to approach this. 7 And, I agree with his opinion that too much NED is not necessarily a good thing, particularly from a cost 8 standpoint. I approach -- my, you know, my opinion on 9 10 his work was, and why I approach things differently, 11 based on my experience with gas models, running the 12 different scenarios is important, but also 13 understanding the numbers that went into it is 14 important. So, that's why we spent so much time on 15 that type of discovery, to understand, for example, how 16 they were pricing gas at Dracut in their model.
 - Q. No, I understand. The two of you were doing something different. But I am certain that, as you were reading his testimony and listening to him testify, you had to have been thinking to yourself "do I agree with the positions that he's taking?" And, my sense is that you do, generally, is that right?
 - A. Directionally, certainly. Based on his discussions this morning, I have to say I don't think I agree with

1 the numbers. I got lost there for a while. But I

And, the biggest difference is that 50,000, that's not new supply, it's a shifting of receipt point.

think my testimony shows how I got to the numbers.

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Thank you. I have no other questions.

Mr. Kanoff, do you have any further questions for your witness?

MR. KANOFF: Very limited. If I could approach, if I could approach the witness with a website update involving Deep Panuke that he can read in about two seconds, and then I could ask him a question?

13 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Bring it on. So,
14 off the record.

15 (Brief off-the-record discussion ensued.)

17 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: So, back on the record.

MR. KANOFF: Zack will give the website.

MR. GATES: Mr. Chairman, I'll give the website. And, so, there's no ambiguity on the record,

I'll use the military alphabet and it will help you

23 understand.

2

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

20

21

So, it's "www.neb-one.gc.ca/nrg/

```
ntgrtd/" --
 1
 2
                         COMMISSIONER BAILEY: Too fast.
 3
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: As long as
 4
       Mr. Patnaude is getting it, don't worry about it,
 5
       everybody.
 6
                         (Comment off the record by the Court
 7
                         Reporter.)
 8
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Are you having
       trouble keeping up? No, he can keep up. He's good at
 9
10
       this.
11
                         MR. GATES: Okay. Where did you leave
12
       off, Mr. Patnaude? Okay. I believe we were at "/" after
       "d", and then it goes "mrkt/" --
13
14
                         MS. KNOWLTON: Can we get a -- I prefer
15
       a copy.
16
                         MR. GATES: We're almost done.
17
       "snpsht/2015/07-04dppnk-eng.html".
       [www.neb-one.gc.ca/nrg/ntgrtd/mrkt/snpsht/2015/07-04dppnk-
18
19
       eng.html]
20
                         I can e-mail it to you.
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Yes. Why don't you
21
22
       e-mail it.
23
                         MR. KANOFF: Right now.
24
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Off the record.
```

```
WITNESS: Rosenkranz]
 1
                         (Off-the-record discussion ensued.)
 2
                         MR. KANOFF: I'm going to mark this.
 3
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: It's going to be
       "59".
 4
 5
                         (The document, as described, was
                         herewith marked as Exhibit 59 for
 6
 7
                         identification.)
                         (Off the record.)
 8
 9
                         (Atty. Kanoff distributing documents.)
10
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Are we ready to go?
11
      Mr. Kanoff, you may proceed.
12
                         MR. KANOFF: Thank you.
13
     BY MR. KANOFF:
14
          Do you have what's been marked as an exhibit for
15
          identification "59" in front of you?
16
     Α.
          Yes, I do.
17
          And, does this exhibit for identification reference the
     Q.
18
          Deep Panuke project that was discussed earlier with
19
          Ms. Knowlton?
20
     Α.
          Yes. It does discuss Deep Panuke.
21
          And, have you had a chance to read this exhibit?
     Q.
22
     Α.
          Yes.
23
          And, would you discuss whether in any way the strategy
24
          that is referenced here of "lowering" -- sorry, "moving
```

```
1
          to seasonal production" would affect the availability
 2
          of supply and price impact on this project at all?
 3
     Α.
          Well, certainly, it will help in the near term a
          company such as EnergyNorth, which are purchasing gas
 4
 5
          at the end of the Maritimes pipeline primarily during
 6
          the winter. So, that will add to the available supply.
 7
          I would just say that, in the long term, it's not a
          surprise that the Deep Panuke project was going to be a
 8
 9
          relatively short-lived source of natural gas.
10
          always -- before it was developed, it showed a
11
          production curve that went to 300,000 Dekatherms a day
12
          or MCF per day for a couple of years, and then fell off
13
          quite -- quite quickly thereafter.
14
                         So, from a big picture standpoint, I
15
          think the Deep Panuke project has some short-term
16
          impacts. Certainly, it turned out to be -- to fizzle
17
          off quicker than people had expected, but it was always
18
          expected that that was not going to be the principal
19
          source of supply for the Maritimes or the New England
20
          market.
21
          Thank you. And, one last question. With respect to
     Q.
22
          Constitution and Supply Path projects that were
23
          discussed earlier, is there a risk, in your opinion,
```

that those projects will not get built?

```
1
    Α.
          There's always a risk that a project won't get built.
 2
          I mean, I think there -- it's likely that something
 3
          will be built on that path, but there's no way of
          knowing at this point how much gas will flow through
 4
 5
          that path, versus other path out of the Marcellus area.
 6
                         MR. KANOFF: I have no other questions.
 7
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Thank you,
       Mr. Rosenkranz. You can return to your seat. That is the
 8
 9
       last witness, if I'm not mistaken, correct?
10
                         MS. KNOWLTON: Correct.
11
                         MS. PATTERSON: Correct.
12
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: All right.
13
       Exhibits, all these exhibits that have been marked for
14
       identification. Are there exhibits that the parties want
15
       to object to becoming full exhibits? I see Ms. Patterson
16
       jumping on her microphone, yes?
17
                         MS. PATTERSON: My objection would be
18
       framed in that I object to any exhibits that were entered
19
       for identification that were not used by the party
       entering them for identification. To the extent that the
20
21
       exhibits were only marked for identification and not used,
22
       I would object to those being admitted.
23
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: That is a very
24
       sound objection. Do you know what numbers are
```

```
1
       incorporated, because I do recall that there were some?
                         MS. PATTERSON: I don't surely know what
 2
 3
       numbers they are. But I do recall that there were --
       there was at least one.
 4
 5
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: I think we're going
 6
       to need to know what that one was.
 7
                         Are there other objections, while
       Ms. Patterson flips through the exhibits? Ms. Knowlton.
 8
 9
       Oh, I'm sorry.
10
                         MS. KNOWLTON: I have none, other than I
11
       would support her position.
12
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Ms. Chamberlin, Mr.
13
       Kanoff, do you have any objections to exhibits or do you
14
       have any response to Ms. Patterson's objection to the
15
       exhibits that were marked but not used?
16
                         MS. CHAMBERLIN: I'd have to wait and
17
       see which ones she's referring to.
18
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Okay.
19
                         MS. CHAMBERLIN: And, I don't have
20
       objections to the other exhibits.
21
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Mr. Kanoff, do you
22
       have objections to any of the exhibits?
23
                         MR. KANOFF: No.
24
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG:
                                              Okay.
```

```
1
                         MS. PATTERSON: I know for sure that --
 2
       well, my understanding is that 23 was not used.
 3
                         MS. CHAMBERLIN: And, could you refresh
 4
       our recollection as to what 23 is?
 5
                         MS. PATTERSON: Sure. It was one of
 6
       your exhibits. It was Staff 4-15.
 7
                         MS. CHAMBERLIN: No.
                                               That was clearly
       used. I'd have to go back and look at the transcript.
 8
 9
       But, you know, we used it.
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: I know there was at
10
11
       least one that was not used.
12
                         MS. CHAMBERLIN: Your Honor, --
13
                         MS. KNOWLTON: May I make a suggestion?
14
       Would it be possible that, concurrent with the submission
15
       of our briefs tomorrow, that to the extent that any party
16
       believes that there were exhibits that were marked for
17
       identification, but not used, that we submit that list to
18
       the Commission? And, if -- it sounds like everybody is in
       agreement that anything that wasn't used shouldn't be
19
20
       admitted. Hopefully, our lists will match, or, you know,
21
       we could put together a list and circulate it among
22
       counsel and see if we all agree?
23
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Yes.
                                                    I think that
24
       that's a good suggestion. The last one in particular,
```

1 start that way. I would remind everybody, this is not a new procedure. This is pretty much how we wrap these 2 3 hearings up. So, we can keep track of some, and certainly 4 a lot easier when we do one day, three or four hour 5 hearings. So, in the future, I would -- I think we 6 7 would expect the parties to be prepared to address which exhibits they might have objections to at the close of the 8 9 testimony. 10 But I think Ms. Knowlton's suggestion is 11 a good one. If counsel could work together, figure out if 12 there's an agreed upon entire list. If there are 13 objections to one or two or three, they can be identified 14 and they can be addressed in your post-hearing filings,

and we can deal with it that way. Ms. Chamberlin.

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

MS. CHAMBERLIN: Your Honor, with all due respect to the suggestion, I would suggest it goes to the weight of the evidence. If it wasn't used, then nobody is going to look at it. The amount of time it's going to take me to go through the transcript, and check which ones were actually referenced, and where it was referenced, and check the testimony, is, I think, more time than it's worth, honestly.

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: But that's what's

```
1
       going to happen, because we're not going to clutter up the
 2
       record. We have a plenty-cluttered record here. We're
 3
       not going to clutter it up further with exhibits that were
 4
       not used. We're just not going to do it.
 5
                         MS. CHAMBERLIN: Can you define what
 6
       "used" means?
 7
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: "Marked, but then
       never referenced again."
 8
 9
                         MS. CHAMBERLIN: Okay.
10
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: And, I know there
11
       was one.
12
                         Are there any other matters we can take
13
       up, before the parties sum up really briefly, because
14
       you're all going to get a chance to make post-hearing
15
       filings? Ms. Chamberlin, yes.
16
                         MS. CHAMBERLIN: I have one other.
17
       would ask that the Commission take administrative notice
18
       of the IRP petition, it's Exhibit 1 in DG 13-313. I'm not
19
       even sure that's necessary, because it's a Commission
20
       proceeding. But I wanted to be sure that people can look
21
       at that, and it's available to everyone. So, I'd ask that
22
       you take administrative notice of it.
23
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Ms. Knowlton.
24
                                        I'm checking, but I don't
                         MS. KNOWLTON:
```

```
1
       believe that -- let me just check. One minute.
 2
                         (Short pause.)
 3
                         MS. KNOWLTON: There was no petition
       that was filed in the IRP docket. It's the Company
 4
 5
       submits it's plan.
 6
                         MS. CHAMBERLIN: Your Honor, it's
 7
       Exhibit 1.
 8
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Yes. I think she's
 9
       referring to the document that initiates that docket,
10
       which is the plan, that becomes Exhibit 1 during the
11
      proceeding, right?
12
                         MS. CHAMBERLIN: Correct.
13
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: No one's going to
14
       have any objection to that. I don't -- and, I agree with
15
       you, I actually don't think it's necessary, since it's a
       document that is an exhibit in another docket. People can
16
17
       reference it, people can find it, we're aware of it.
18
       people want to make reference to it, they can. Fair
19
       enough?
20
                         Any other matters, before the parties
21
       sum up briefly?
22
                                        I'm going to waive a
                         MS. KNOWLTON:
23
       summation. I don't need to do that, with the submission
24
       of a written brief.
```

```
1
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Everybody else
 2
       agree with that?
 3
                         MS. PATTERSON:
                                        Yes.
 4
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: No?
                                                   Okay.
 5
       Ms. Chamberlin, you want to say something?
                         MS. CHAMBERLIN:
 6
                                          T do.
 7
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Okay. How about
       you, Mr. Kanoff, are you going to want to say something
 8
 9
       orally?
10
                         MR. KANOFF: I'll make a short -- very
11
       short comment.
12
                         CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: All right.
                                                          Then,
13
       Ms. Chamberlin, I'll let you go first.
14
                         MS. CHAMBERLIN:
                                          Thank you. This is a
15
       case that calls out for regulatory intervention.
16
       ratepayers in New Hampshire have learned time and time
17
       again that predicting long-term growth over twenty years
18
       is very risky. Committing large, expensive projects --
19
       committing to large, expensive projects, without fully
20
       understanding and investigating the cost impact over
21
       twenty years does not turn out well for ratepayers. Once
22
       ratepayer funds are committed and a project is built, it
23
       is extremely difficult to go back and capture savings or
24
       protections for ratepayers. The time for prudent action
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1 is now.

This Precedent Agreement is not in ratepayers' interests. There is insufficient evidence to support the 115,000 Dekatherm capacity purchase. The Company must be held to reasonable projections of customer growth, based on rigorous economic analysis. The testimony is that they did one SENDOUT analysis; that is simply not enough. The SENDOUT computer runs cannot analyze the optimum level of new capacity needed, unless different capacity levels are entered into the model.

The Company has not met its burden of proof. And, therefore, the Commission should reject the partial Settlement Agreement and the Precedent Agreement as filed. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Mr. Kanoff.

MR. KANOFF: We would support what OCA just said. The one thing I do want to add is that there is a option, should this particular project be approved, to not change the receipt point at Wright, and to continue the 50,000 Dekatherms that are currently under contract at Dracut.

And, I just want to emphasize in closing that, as part of your consideration of different types of opportunities, that that should remain in your minds as

Τ	you look at this.
2	The other thing I want to also stress is
3	that we can all speculate, and it's pure speculation, as
4	to what Kinder Morgan/Tennessee Gas would do, if this
5	Commission were to require, as we suggest it should, that
6	the Company revisit its proposal for NED at these levels,
7	if at all. There is certainly a need for Tennessee for
8	shippers. And, there's every indication that they would
9	work with any regulatory agency to make sure that any
10	opportunity for an additional shipper or a reduced amount
11	from a current shipper is considered. Thank you.
12	CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Does anyone have
13	anything further they need to raise with us before we
14	adjourn?
15	(No verbal response)
16	CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: All right. Seeing
17	nothing, thank you all very much. We will adjourn.
18	(Whereupon the hearing was adjourned at
19	12:53 p.m.)
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21	
22	
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